The Bombay Gazette.

No. 9,629—New Series. BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1879.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follow:—

To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 40	Per Annum	Rs. 6
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First insertion	Rs.	5	0
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A line, but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

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Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations, Wanted or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings to Let, Changes of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes as follows:—

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DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES; EACH—TWO RUPEES.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free to India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

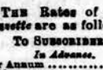
Price per Copy ..... As. 4.

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

WILL DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—



FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. CHINDWARRA, 2,500 Tons, on SATURDAY, 4th Oct., 1879, at 3 P.M., calling at Rutnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Baypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Coconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point. Ports are called at in the foregoing or any other order.

Conveyance to the Nilgherry Hills.—The steamers are timed to reach Beypore at daybreak, and arrangements have been made for a train to leave Beypore specially in connection with the steamers' arrival to convey passengers right through to Mettapolium, where they will arrive at 7-45 p. m., and after staying for the night can proceed up the Ghat early the following morning.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. COCONADA, 862 Tons, on THURSDAY, 2nd October, 1879, at 4 p.m., calling at KURRACHEE, GWADUR, MUSCAT, JASK, BUNDER ABBAS, LINGA, BUSHIRE, FAO, and BUSSORAH, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. CALCUTTA, 863 Tons, on MONDAY, 6th October, 1879, at 10 a.m.

FOR LONDON, *via* SUEZ, ALGIERS AND LISBON.

S. S. PUNJAUB, 1,080 Tons, on SATURDAY, 18th October, 1879, connecting at Aden with S. S. ARCOT, 1,782 Tons.

Saloon passage ..... Rs. 500
Second Class passage ..... „ 325

The ARCOT is due in London about 27th November. Transfer at Aden made by Company.

FOR NATAL, MOZAMBIQUE, ZANZIBAR, ADEN, HODEIDA AND JEDDAH.

S. S. PUNJAUB, 1,080 Tons, on SATURDAY, 18th October, 1879. Cargo and Passengers for Hodeida and Jeddah can be sent by this steamer at through rates. A favourable opportunity of passage to Natal is offered, as the Union Company's steamer is timed to leave Zanzibar for Natal within 24 hours of Punjaub's arrival.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co., Agents.

Bombay, 27th September 1879.

STEAM COMMUNICATION WITH ITALY *via* SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. R. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

THE REGULAR STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY on the 24th, and on the 1st *of each Month*,

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY,

(Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.)

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 140	Rs. 40
Suez	380	220	60
Port Said	380	240	90
Messina	500	340	140
Naples	500	340	140
Leghorn	500	340	140
Genoa	500	340	140
Marseilles	520	360	145

Including Wine. Without food.

Children under 2 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fare.

Passengers' Heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Handbooks. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agents.

NEXT STEAMERS FROM BOMBAY:—

PERSIA, to sail on WEDNESDAY, 1st October.
SUMATRA, to sail on SATURDAY, 1st November, 1879.
ARABIA, to sail on MONDAY, 1st December, 1879.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second class accommodation; and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess on board.

The steamers of this Company, as a rule, start precisely at 4 a. m. Any unavoidable detention will, however, be advertised at least one day previously.

First and Second Class through Railway Tickets, from NAPLES to LONDON are now issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa, can now be booked at through rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of freight, &c., apply to

G. GRONDONA,
Agent Rubattino Steam Navigation Company,
No. 2, Hummum Street.

Bombay, September, 1879.

MEIFFRE NEVEU & Co., PARIS, BOMBAY AND POONA.

DRESS-MAKING DEPARTMENT.

ORDERS for Morning Dresses, Walking and Badminton Costumes, Visiting, Afternoon Dinner and Evening Dresses, executed in the LATEST FRENCH FASHION

BY

EXPERIENCED EUROPEAN DRESS-MAKERS.

MOURNING OUTFITS completed at the shortest notice.

WEDDING TROUSSEAUX At all Prices.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT.

Orders for Hats and Bonnets to suit all Dresses.

TERAI HATS and TRAVELLING HATS.

MEIFFRE NEVEU & Co.,
SILK MERCERS, LADIES' GENERAL OUTFITTERS, HOSIERS, GLOVERS, &c., &c, &c.
HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched for EUROPE:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1879
(s) NIZAM	2725	450	A. E. Barlow	6th Oct.
— TRAVANCORE	1903	350	R. Scott	13th do.
(s) LOMBARDY	2723	450	H. Wyatt	20th do.
— ZAMBESI	2431	370	A. Symons	27th do.
(s) KHIVA	2609	450	G. Le	3rd Nov.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, ANCONA, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

ADAM TAIT,
Bombay, 25th September 1879. Acting Superintendent.

STEAM TO CEYLON, PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports, carrying H. M.'s Mails, and taking also Passengers and Cargo for Madras and Calcutta:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
KASHGAR	2621	450	E. J. Baker	30th Sept.
TEHERAN	2592	400	A. H. Johnson	14th Oct.
THIBET	2593	400	J. H. Torbock	28th do.
NEPAUL	3536	600	J. S. Murray	11th Nov.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

ADAM TAIT,
Bombay, 25th September 1879. Acting Superintendent.

STEAM TO KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

THE following Steamers will be despatched for the above ports:—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	
ASSAM	3433	540	N. Stewart	10th Oct.
TANJORE	2283	450	W. W. Fentiman	7th Nov.
SIAM	3014	500	G. N. Hector	5th Dec.
ASSAM	3033	500	N. Stewart	2nd Jan. 1880

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock Head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

For Passage, &c., apply to

ADAM TAIT,
Bombay 25th September 1879. Acting Superintendent.

NOTICE.—HALL LINE of STEAMERS.—CONSIGNEES of CARGO, per S. S. SPEKE HALL, are hereby informed of the Steamer's ARRIVAL from LIVERPOOL, and are requested to present their BILLS of LADING and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective GOODS without delay.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.

QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL,
TWO MILLIONS STERLING.
FIRE RESERVE FUND ... £261,444

Fire Premiums after deducting Re-insurances..	In 1870	£139,808
	„ 1873	£285,149
	„ 1877	£450,883

POLICIES issued and CLAIMS promptly paid without reference to Head Office, by

KILLICK, NIXON & Co., Agents.

MEIFFRE NEVEU & Co.

LADIES' FANCY BALL COSTUMES MADE TO ORDER AT ALL PRICES.

Fancy Materials, Beads, Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments, Laces, Braids, Boots and Shoes, Gloves, &c., &c.

A CHOICE SELECTION OF FANCY PLATES.

6, HUMMUM STREET, BOMBAY.

WANTED.

WANTED, for the Office of the Deputy Examiner, one or two good CLERKS (NATIVE) who have been trained either in an Examiner's or Executive Engineer's Office.

Apply by letter only to the DEPUTY EXAMINER, Ahmednagar, Deccan.

S. NEEMUCH STATE RAILWAY.

WANTED AT ONCE, a PLATELAYER (EUROPEAN) and ASSISTANT (NATIVE). Salaries Rs. 200 and Rs. 65 respectively. Send copies of Testimonials, especially from last employers, to

EXECUTIVE ENGINEER,
S. Neemuch State Railway, Jaora, Central India.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
2, MARINE STREET, BOMBAY.

Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY next, the 3rd October, at 2 p.m., at his residence, No. 215, at the Pedgo, Malabar Hill, the whole of the valuable and handsome carved and French polished blackwood, teakwood, and mahogany household furniture by Deschamps, neat thin stem glassware, best electroplated and porcelain ware, a first class mahogany sympathetic square pianoforte by S. Rose and Co. (nearly new), and if not previously disposed of a light single seated brougham by Ness, and a light dogcart by Maitland and Co., a very powerful bay Australian mare, 5 years old, and foal, and a strong brown Australian horse, sets of plated mounted single harness, plated 3 light hanging argand lustres, Madras cane matting, &c., the property of Dr. James Arnott.

Full particulars will be given in to-morrow's paper. Catalogues will be ready and the property will be on view this afternoon.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 30th September 1879.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

VAN HOUTEN'S PURE SOLUBLE COCOA.

½ lb Canister Rs. 1-8 Cash.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld., BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

COOPER.

FROM the celebrated COOPER COMPANY, London.

Quarts per dozen, Cash Rs. 5-8.
Pints do. do. „ 3-8.

TREACHER & COMPANY, (Ld.)

TRICHINOPOLY CHEROOTS.

PREPARED EXPRESSLY FOR THIS COMPANY OF FINEST SELECTED TOBACCOS.

Cash. Rs. a.

Thompson's, Dawson's and Noble's muster, per box of	100	1	12
Do. do. do.	250	4	0
Dindiguls and Havannahs, box of	100	2	0
Do. do. box of	250	4	8
Treacher's muster. box of	50	1	2
Treacher's Gem muster..... box of	50	1	0

TREACHER & CO., LIMITED,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

BROKEN or ENFEEBLED CONSTITUTIONS, when all other remedies have failed, have been completely restored by a course of OLD DOCTOR JACOB TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA. This wonderful preparation, compounded from the Jamaica Red Roots, specially selected, has for nearly half a century maintained its place unrivalled as a purifier of the blood, and as a specific for pains in the bones and loss of strength, flesh, and appetite. Its alterative qualities cannot be over-estimated, and all those suffering from indigestion, nervousness, Gout, and Liver Complaints it is invaluable.

In conjunction with this preparation may with great advantage be taken OLD DOCTOR TOWNSEND'S SARSAPARILLA PILLS. Strongly recommended, alterative, and tonic without purging. Sold by all Druggists. Caution.—Get the red and blue wrapper, with the Doctor's head in the centre.

Chief Depot, 131, Fleet Street, London.

☞ NOTICE.—Fraudulent imitations of old Dr. Jacob Townsend's Sarsaparilla are being sold. The Genuine is sold only in Red and Blue Wrappers, the old DR'S head in the centre, and the British Government Stamp affixed.

*** Agents:—Treacher & Co., Ld., Bombay, Byculla, & Poona. Bathgate & Co., Calcutta.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, AND THE WESTERN PORTS OF ITALY.

(VIA SUEZ CANAL.)

NOTICE.—The Italian Mail Steamer PERSIA, Captain DODERO, will sail as above on WEDNESDAY, the 1st October, at 10 a.m.

Passengers are requested to be on board at 9 a. m. The Company's Steam Launch will leave Apollo Bunder three times between 8 and 9 a.m.

C. GRONDONA,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

THE ADJOURNED SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING of the CORPORATION, as advertised, will be held here TO-DAY at 4 p.m.

H. WYNFORD BARROW,
Clerk, Municipal Corporation, and Secretary, Town Council, Municipal Offices, Bombay, 30th September 1879.

BASEL GERMAN MISSION MANGALORE TILES are recommended for durability and elegance. MANGALORE TILES made after our pattern, but not bearing our Stamp, are pure imitations. Samples ready for inspection.

Orders for October delivery registered.
For further particulars apply to

WARDEN & Co.,
Sole Agents for Bombay Presidency.

Meadow Street, Fort.

COMMISSARIAT.

SUPPLY of ARROWROOT, CANDLES, SOAP, MEDICAL COMFORTS, &c., under Schedule No. 28; COTTON, SUTTRINGIES under Schedule No. 29; and COTTON SHEETS under Schedule No. 31, for the year 1880-81.

TENDERS will be received by the EXECUTIVE COMMISSARIAT OFFICERS at Bombay, Poona, Ahmednagar, Belgaum, Ahmedabad, Deesa, Mhow, Neemuch, Nusseerabad, Kurrachee, and Hydrabad, on the 25th October, 1879, at 1 p. m.

Forms of Tenders and Schedules, with further particulars, can be had on application at either of the above offices.

A. PHELPS, Lieut.-Colonel,
For Acting Commissary General.

Commissary General's Office, Bombay, 22nd September 1879.

GIESLER'S CHAMPAGNE.

TREACHER & COMPANY (Ld.) have the honour to announce that they have been APPOINTED, in succession to the late Firm of W. NICOL & Co., SOLE REPRESENTATIVES in the BOMBAY PRESIDENCY for Messrs. F. GIESLER AND COMPANY, and that they are now in a position to supply their CHAMPAGNE to the Trade, Clubs, Messes, and Co-operative Societies on very advantageous terms.

Messrs. GIESLER'S reputation as one of the leading Champagne Houses is thoroughly established in every market of the world, and is due to the great care and attention they have paid to the selection and preparation of their Wines.

TREACHER & COMPANY have therefore the fullest confidence in bringing this brand more prominently to the notice of wine consumers in India, believing it to be unequalled by any other imported.

Giesler's "for India brand" Qts. per doz. Cash Rs. 48-0
Do. do. Pts. do. do. 25-0

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY,
TREACHER & Co., LIMITED,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THACKER & CO., LIMITED.

NOW READY.

MALLESON'S
HISTORY OF THE INDIAN MUTINY,
Vol. II,
Including the Storming of Delhi, the Relief of Lucknow, the two Battles of Cawnpore, &c., &c.
Rs. 12-8.

MURRAY'S HANDBOOK
OF THE
MADRAS PRESIDENCY,
With a Notice of the Overland Route to India.
(Second Edition), Maps and Plans.
Rs. 9-8.

GOODEVE'S
HINTS FOR THE MANAGEMENT AND MEDICAL TREATMENT
OF
CHILDREN IN INDIA.
Seventh Edition, Enlarged.
Entirely Re-written in accordance with the most recent Medical Experience.
BY
DR. E. A. BIRCH.
Rs. 7; post free, Rs. 7-6.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY CALENDAR, 1879-80, Rs. 2.

THE NEW ARMY DISCIPLINE AND REGULATION ACT, 1879.
2 Parts—Rs. 3.

NEW BOOKS,
JUST RECEIVED.

	Rs.	a.
Spon's Encyclopædia of Industrial Arts, Manufactures and Commercial Products, edited by G. G. André (Division 1)	8	8
Off the Skelligs; a Novel, by Jean Ingelow	3	12
Vixen, New Novel, by Miss Braddon	1	4
Our Trip to Blunderland, by Jean Jambon, 60 *Illustrations, by Charles Doyle*	1	8
Higg's Electric Transmission of Power, its Present Position and Advantages	2	0
A Collection of Legislative Acts, useful to Merchants in general ..... each	5	0
Do. Interleaved	6	8
Chatterbox Album of Animals, *nearly* 300 *plates*...	3	12
Wintering in the Rivera, by W. Miller, *with notes of Travel in* Italy and France	7	12
Indo-British Opium Trade, by J. Chrishlieb	1	4
Notes on the Agriculturists of the District of Aurungabad	1	0
A Catalogue of the Birds of Sind, Cutch, Kathiawar, North Guzerat, and Mount Aboo, by Capt. E. A. Butler	2	0
Hark Away, Sketches of Hunting, Coaching, &c., by Whitehurst	3	12
Cavanagh's Law of Money Securities	13	4
Robinson's Parks and Gardens of Paris *(2nd edition, Illustrated)*	11	4
Maudsley's Pathology of Mind	11	4
Buckley on the Companies Act (3rd edition)	20	0
Shakespeare Key, by C. and M. Cowden Clarke *(A Companion to the Concordance)*	13	4
White-Melville's Riding Recollections *(Cheaper Edition)*	3	12
A Pilgrimage to Mecca and Medinah, by R. F. Burton *(Third and Cheaper Edition)*	3	12
Guizot (M.) History of England. Translated from the French, *with all original Illustrations*, Vol. 3.	15	0
Globe Encyclopædia (The) of Useful Information, edited by John M. Ross, LL.D., 6 vols.	47	0
Routledge's Every Boy's Annual, 1880, *(Fully Illustrated)*	3	12
Model Locomotive Engineer, Fireman, and Engine-Boy, by M. Reynolds, author of "Locomotive-Engine Driving"	3	0
Darwinism and other Essays, by John Fiske, M.A., &c.	4	12
Practical Navigation, consisting of the Sailors' Sea Book, by Greenwood, and Rosser, together with Mathematical and Nautical Tables, &c.	3	8
Lewes' (G. H.) Physiology of Common Life, 2 vols. in 1 *(reduced to)*	5	0
Catullus Translated into English Verse, by T. Hart-Davies	3	12
Midnight Marches through Persia: by H. Ballantine	7	0
Smiles' Life of Geo. Moore, Merchant and Philanthropist, *cheap edition*	3	12
Beames' Comparative Grammar of the Modern Aryan Languages of India, vol. 3, Verb	10	0
Roscoe's Modern Chromatics, vol. 27 *(International Scientific Series)*	3	4
Erichs's (J.) Public Addresses, *edited by J. Thorold Rogers*	3	12
Freeman's Norman Conquest, vol. 6, *Index*	6	12
Baker's Laws Relating to Quarantine	7	12
Williams' Law of Executors and Administrators *(Eighth Edition)*, 2 vols	47	8
Miracle Play of Hasan and Husain, by Col. Sir L. Pelly, 2 vols	20	0
The Jatakas, edited by V. Fausboll, vol. 2	17	8
Cæsar, *A Sketch*, by J. A. Froude	10	0
Campbell's White and Black, *outcome of a visit to the United States*	3	12
Cobbold's Parasites; a Treatise on the Entozoa of Man and Animals	9	8
Fonblanque's How we are Governed	1	12
Smith's Dictionary of Christian Antiquities, parts 1 to 4 ..... each	3	4
Burke's Landed Gentry, 2 vols., 6th Edition, 1879	40	0
Smith's Leading Cases, 2 vols., 8th Edition, 1879	47	0
Duff's (Alex.) Life, by G. Smith, Vol. 1	7	8
Keene's Turks in India	7	12
Macleod's Theory and Practice of Banking, 2 vols. *(Third Edition*, 1879)	16	4
Wilson's Naval Hygiene, new edition	6	12
Dictionary of Music and Musicians (1450—1850); edited by G. Grove, vol. 1	13	4

THACKER AND Co., LIMITED,
BOMBAY.

APPROACHING CLOSE OF THE SOUTH-WEST MONSOON.

SPECIAL IMPORTATIONS.

ANTICIPATING the REQUIREMENTS of MOFUSSIL CONSTITUENTS who, through the difficulty of communication with Bombay during the Monsoon, have been unable to obtain their usual PERIODICAL SUPPLIES IN ADVANCE, the Company are landing by each Mail large supplies of—

BACON, BUTTER, CHEESE, AND HAM.
FISH, SOUPS, AND MEAT EXTRACTS.
FRESH MEATS, GAME, AND POULTRY.
PATES, POTTED MEATS AND YORKSHIRE PIES.
SAUSAGES, TONGUES, AND PIGS' CHEEKS.
PRESERVED VEGETABLES, ENGLISH AND FOREIGN.
CRYSTALLIZED, PRESERVED, DRIED AND TART FRUITS.
BON BONS, FANCY CHOCOLATES, AND FANCY BISCUITS.
JAMS, MARMALADES, FRUIT AND BOTTLED JELLIES.
PICKLES, SAUCES, AND INDIAN CONDIMENTS.
MUSTARDS, SALT, VINEGARS, OLIVES, AND SALAD OILS.
CHOICE INDIAN AND CHINA TEAS.
COFFEES, COCOAS, AND CHOCOLATES.
ARROWROOTS, MACCARONI, TAPIOCA, &c., &c.
CORN FLOURS, ISINGLASS AND GELATINE.
INFANTS', INVALIDS', AND DIETETIC FOODS.
CONDENSED ANGLO-SWISS MILK.
CRYSTALLIZED LOAF SUGARS.
PEELS, SPICES, ESSENCES, AND HERBS.
CANDLES, SOAPS, AND ALL HOUSEHOLD REQUISITES.

These are imported from the most renowned EUROPEAN HOUSES and are of the same high class, which enables the management to assert their superiority to those usually offered in the Bombay Market (frequently the refuse of Bazaar auctions) and to confidently GUARANTEE their quality and freshness.

DETAILED PRICED LISTS FREE UPON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED,

WINE MERCHANTS, ITALIAN WAREHOUSEMEN AND GENERAL PURVEYORS,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

THOMAS STEVENS,

STEVENGRAPH WORKS, COVENTRY,
& 114, NEWGATE STREET, LONDON,
ARMY AND NAVY CONTRACTOR FOR
GOLD AND SILVER LACES, EMBROIDERY, NAVY HAT RIBBONS, &c.

CHAMPAGNE.

HEIDSIECK & CO.'S DRY MONOPOLE.

OF ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

THEODOR SATOW & CO., LONDON.—SOLE AGENTS FOR GREAT BRITAIN, INDIA AND THE COLONIES.

CALICO BALL.

(TO BE HELD AT THE TOWN HALL, BOMBAY, ON THE 3RD OF OCTOBER, 1879)

P. VUCCINO & Co. will take Photographs in Ball Costume at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

Several persons who are to be present at the above Ball having signified to P. VUCCINO & Co. their desire to be Photographed in Ball Costume, the rates have been specially low RATES have been fixed for the purpose.

P. VUCCINO & Co. beg to draw particular attention to their new American style of

PROMENADE PHOTOGRAPHS,

which are now quite a FAVOURITE, and GREATLY ADMIRED, as they give height to figure, and in the case of long and profuse Robes, the whole appear to great perfection. Specimens in this style of Photographs taken by P. Vuccino to be seen at the Studio. P. Vuccino is the first who introduces into Bombay the practice of this deservedly admired style of Photographs for which large Orders are now on hand.

Ordinarily P. VUCCINO & Co. charge for Promenade Photographs Rs. 40 per dozen, but in the case of Photographs in this style, IN BALL COSTUME ONLY, the charge is reduced per dozen to Rs. 28 (Ball Costume Only.

For Cabinet Size Photos costing Ordinarily Rs. 28 per dozen, Reduced to ..... Rs. 20 per dozen.
Cartes Visites do. do. 16 do. do. ..... 10 do.

ORDERS REGISTERED AT THE STUDIO, MEADOW STREET, FORT.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S

QUOTATIONS, FOR COGNACS OF

EM. DUBOIS & CO.'S SHIPPING.

Cash.			Credit	
21	4	* ONE STAR, in great demand, Old Cognac	22	8
24	12	* ONE STAR, Oval Barrels, with Glass Stopper	26	0
33	4	* ONE STAR, Barrels & robinet, with Glass Stopper, Metallic Tap, about 3 Impl. gall	35	0
25	12	* ONE STAR, Flasks, with glass Tumbler and Stoppor per case of 2 doz.	27	0
24	4	* ONE STAR, Flasks, without glass Tumbler, per case of 2 dozs.	25	8
31	0	* ONE STAR, Half Flasks, with glass Tumbler and Stopper, per case of 4 doz.	32	8
28	8	ONE STAR, Half Flasks, without glass Tumbler, per case of 4 doz.	30	4
26	8	TWO STARS, very old Cognac	28	0
29	8	THREE STARS, very old Fine Cognac	31	0

An order for 3 cases accompanied by Cash will carry a further Discount of 5 per cent.

Special terms to Messes, Clubs, and Co-operative Societies.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co., Sole Agents.

RETAIL AGENTS FOR SINGLE BOTTLES:

Mr. EDULJEE PALLONJEE, Bora Bazaar Street.
Mr. JAMSETJEE NOWROJEE, Poydoni.
Mr. DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE COMRIGUR, Crawford Market.
Mr. BHICAJEE DADABHOY DHUNIDADUNA, 66, Cumballa Hill

THE UNITED SERVICE WINE CO.,

ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, OPPOSITE CUSTOM HOUSE,

BOMBAY.

TEN PER CENT. FOR ORDER ABOVE RS. 200 CASH.
FIVE PER CENT. FOR ORDER ABOVE RS. 100 CASH.

CHAMPAGNE.

From Dufaut & Cie, Chateau de Pierry, Epernay. *Gold Medal, Paris Exhibition*, 1878.

	Per Dozen. Qts. Rs. a.	Pts. Rs. a.
Sillery Extra (extra dry)	28 8	16 0
Chateau de Pierry	29 12	17 4
Ay Mousseux, superior	32 8	18 8
Royal Sillery, 1st quality	39 8	22 0
Vin de Cabinet (extra dry)	44 0	...
Vin de Reserve	49 0	...

RHINE AND MOSELLE WINES.
(Still and Sparkling.)

	Per doz. Qts. Rs. a.	Pts. Rs. a.
Laubenheimer or Erbacher	Rs. 16	8
Bodanheimer	18	8
Niersteiner	20	4
Liebfraumilch, 1868	30	0
Johannisberg, 1863	36	8
Steinberg Cabinet, 1865	50	0
Braunneberg Moselle	30	0
Moselle blumchen (Flower)	24	0
Berncastler Doctor, 1868	40	0

SHERRY.

	Dozen Qts. Rs. as.
Very old Pale Sherry	24 0
Very old Montilla of Cordova (dry and light), specially recommended	28 8
Very old Amber Oloroso (selected). A wine of delicious flavour and bouquet	30 0
Manzanilla (real), extremely dry, recommended for Invalids	31 8

PORT.

	Rs. as.
Pure Oporto Wine, old, rich and full-bodied	18 0
Do. very old, matured in wood	20 8
Superior, Vintage Port	24 0
Extra Superior, for Invalids, very old	26 0

BURGUNDY WINES.
(Still and Sparkling.)

	Per doz. Qts. Rs. as.
Beaujolais	16 8
Fleurie	16 8
Beaune	19 8
Savigny Beaune	23 8
Pommard	26 4
Pommard, very old	30 8
Volnay, old vintage	38 0
Chambertin	40 0
Clos de Vougeot (the elite of Burgundies)	48 0
RED SPARKLING BURGUNDY (for Invalids)	36 0
St. Hubert du Chateau, Sparkling	38 0
White Sparkling St. Peray	24 0
Do. Volnay	38 0

ITALIAN WINES.
From the Enological Society of Naples.
(Red and White.)

	Rs. as.
Vino Irpino, Red	12 0
„ Serino do.	14 4
„ Vesuvio, do.	16 0
„ Capri Bianco, White	17 8
„ do. Rosso, Red	16 0
Lagrima Cristi, Red	20 8
„ „ White	23 0
Pompei Bianco, White	24 0

BORDEAUX WINES.
(Red and White.)

	Per dozen. Pts. Rs. a.	Qts. Rs. a.
Medoc, Superior	7 0	12 0
St. Estephe (fine flavour and bouquet)	...	14 0
St. Emilion (full-body)	...	14 12
St. Julien (soft and delicate	...	16 4
Margaux (exquisite bouquet)	...	20 4
Chateau Marquis de Ferme (classed choice growth)	...	24 0
Haut Sauternes (very rich and fine)	...	20 0

Chateau d'Yquem, the renowned unique premier Cru, with Marquis de Lur Saluces's etiquette and vintage date 1872 on bottle, and Crest and Cork and Capsule, Good year. Lalande's Monopoly, Creme de tete ... 36 0

AUSTRALIAN WINES.
(Prize Medals, Vienna, 1873, &c.)
All of Burgundy character.

	Rs. as.
Auldana Ruby, old full-body	13 8
Do. do. very old	15 0
Cognac, 3½ years old, bottled here	20 8
„ 4½ „ „ „	21 12
„ O. D. V. de Charante, bottled at Cognac	22 8
„ B. Vignier, Gassies and Co.'s Silver Vine Leaf	24 12
E. Vignier, Gassies & Co.'s Gold Vine Leaf	26 8
Exshaw No. 1, Rs. 37; No. 2	25 0

SPIRITS & LIQUEURS.

	Rs. as.
Old Blend of Campbeltown and Ben Nevis Whisky	22 0
Very old Blend of Campbeltown and Ardbeg (Islay) Whisky	23 0
Very old Blend of Islay, Ben Nevis, and Glenlivet Whisky	24 0
Hollands Gin (Henke's) bottled here	16 0
Do. do. in clear square chrystal Flasks	18 12
Hollands (Henke's) Gin, finest, in Hock bottles	20 8
Dr. Siegert's Angostura Bitters	20 0
Do. Bouquet, new liqueur	30 0

BEER AND STOUT AT MARKET RATES.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

BOMBAY DIVISION.

A TELEGRAPH OFFICE will be OPENED at MATHERAN on the 1st proximo.

H. IZAAK WALTON,
Superintendent.

In the MATTER of the INDIAN COMPANIES' ACT 1866, and in the MATTER of the MERCANTILE CREDIT and FINANCIAL ASSOCIATION, LIMITED, IN LIQUIDATION.

NOTICE is hereby given to ALL THE CREDITORS of the above-named Association, whose CLAIMS have been allowed by the Court, that a DIVIDEND at the rate of FIFTY PER CENT. on the balances now remaining due to them, in respect of their allowed claims, will be PAID to them by CHEQUE upon application to the Official Liquidator of the said Association at his Office, No. 2, Hornby Row, Bombay, on or after MONDAY, the 13th day of October next, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 3 p. m.—Dated this 29th day of September 1879,

SMITH AND FRERE,
Attornies for the Official Liquidator.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

CLARETS, CRAFT and ROYAL ARCH FREEMASONRY under Lock and Key. Rs. 33.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

MALLESON'S HISTORY of the INDIAN MUTINY, vols. 1 and 2 (continuation of Kay's Sepoy War). Rs. 25.

HORMUSJEE SORABJEE.

FARRAR'S LIFE and WORK of ST

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

MONDAY EVENING, Sept. 29, 1879

WITH the exception of a further advance of 1-16d. per lb. in Mid. Orleans Cotton, Reuter's closing telegram of Saturday exhibits no movement which we have not already reported.

The message published this afternoon, however, to the effect that Germany has agreed to discuss the Silver question with the American Government is of considerable importance; not as likely to effect the course of Exchange in the immediate future, but as showing that there was more in the original proposal than was admitted at the time in some quarters. The discussion of the position does not necessarily mean that the two countries will forthwith adopt a bi-metallic standard, but it shows very clearly that the German Government are by no means satisfied with the result of their attempt to establish a Gold standard, and that there is consequently little likelihood of the surplus stock of Silver held by Germany coming on the market for some considerable time to come.

The Bank of Bombay return for the week ending on Saturday shows the following movements:—

Public Deposits at H. O.	Inc.	Rs.	5,18,914
Do. Branches	Dec.	,,	15,985
Other Deposits	Inc.	,,	6,26,678
Government Securities	Dec.	,,	500
Cash Credits	Inc.	,,	7,224
Loans	Dec.	,,	44,327
Bills Discounted	Inc.	,,	3,49,978
Cash with Correspondents	Inc.	,,	1,11,050
Cash and Currency Notes	Inc.	,,	7,94,643

The increase in the Cash Balance being mainly due to the augmentation of the Government Balance is not likely to exercise any effect on the general market, which still continues very easy, and to all appearance we are not likely to see any movement in rates of discount for some weeks to come.

EXCHANGE opened quiet with a reduction in rates for Bank Paper of 1-32d. per rupee, both for ready delivery and forward, but the Banks have made no change in their buying prices for private paper. At the close the tone was weak, but we have still to see whether the telegram, alluded to above, will have any effect. For the time being we do not see that it should influence rates, but for the more distant future it adds to the other influences in favour of a rise. We quote:—

Bank Bills, on demand	1s. 7¼d.	per Re.
Ditto 3 months' sight.	1s. 8d.	,,
Credits, 8 ,, ,,	1s. 8 3-32d.	,,
Documents, 3 ,, ,,	1s. 8⅛ to 5-32d.	,,
France 3 ,, ,,	3·12½	,,

On Calcutta we still quote demand drafts at ¼ per cent premium, 60 days' sight at 9-16 per cent. discount.

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been a shade steadier to-day, and business to a moderate extent has been done at a recovery of ¼; closing quotations being:—Fours, Rs. 92⅝; Fours-and-a-half, Rs. 99½ to ⅝.

The SHARE MARKET has been quiet with no business of importance doing, and with the exception of Spinning and Weaving Shares rates remain unaltered. Great Eastern Spinning are quoted Rs. 10, Alfred Manufacturing Co. Rs. 15, Oriental Rs. 20, and Dhurrumsey and Manockjee Petit Rs. 25 per share higher, while Bombay United have declined Rs. 20 per share.

COTTON to-day has been steady at unchanged prices, but we have not heard of a single transaction for export. Of new Cotton, there are now several European firms in the market as sellers for forward delivery, Good Omra for January-February being quoted at Rs. 205 and Good Broach for February-March delivery at Rs. 215 per candy. At the equivalent of these prices, however, there is nothing to be done at Home, and there are consequently no buyers here. Crop accounts continue most favourable, and we shall probably have sample lots of New Hinganghaut and Omrawuttee here early in November, although it will be well on to the end of the year before arrivals of any importance are likely to be available, the Coomptas in the Berars making it an invariable practice to secure their Crop of Jowaree before picking their Cotton, however early the latter may be.

SEEDS.—Linseed continues firm at previous prices, say, Rs. 7 to Rs. 7-5 per cwt., and the small daily arrivals are immediately taken up for export. Rapeseed is out of demand. In Gingelly we have not heard of any new business.

WHEAT is only arriving in very limited quantities, and any lots of good export quality are immediately bought at high rates, say, Rs. 40 for No. 1, and Rs. 38 for No. 2 White.

FREIGHTS are steady. The Wistow Hall, having returned from Kurrachee, is reported to have booked measurement for Liverpool at 23s. 9d., and the Speke Hall has taken the Liverpool berth, booking about 200 tons Wheat at 13s. 9d. per ton. For the Mediterranean ports a fair enquiry still prevails, and the rate for Marseilles and Genoa has advanced to 25s. for Seeds and 27s. 6d. for Cotton by the steamer of 1st November. For Trieste and Venice the quotation is 17s. 6d. to 20s. per ton, payable here.

PIECE GOODS in the bazaar are steady with a moderate business doing, and prices are fairly supported, but to arrive the demand is slack, and dealers decline to operate unless at a reduction of As. 1 to As. 2 per piece.

COALS are quiet and unchanged, the business doing being confined to small ready lots.

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Bank.	No. of Shares.	Nomi. Value p. sh.	Paid up.	Last Dividend.	Cash Rates per Share.
		Rs.	Rs.	p. a.	
Agra Bank	160,000	100	all	6 p.ct	126
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	4 do	730
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	all	5 do	665
Bank of Madras	60,00	500	all	3 do	660
National Bank of India.	37,50	£25	£12-10	6 do	110

PRESS COMPANIES.

Akbar Cotton Press Co	150	5,000	28,500	250 p.a.		900
Albert Co., Kurrachee	900	100	100	10 do		1,00
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 p.ct		500
Apollo Press Co	750	2,750	2,200	33 p.a.		600
Bullion	1,000	1,000	all	25 do		470
Berar Company (New)	155	500	all	50 p.a.		425 xd.
Indian Press Co	1,000	350	all	14 do		75
Broach Cotton Co	400	1,000	all	15 do		30
Carwar Co	1,000	1,500	all	75 do		50
Colaba Press Co	800	1,250	all	30 do		400
Dhollera F. and G. Co	400	500	all	14 do		125
East India Press Co	853	1,000	all	100 do		950
Fort Press Co	50	3,500	1,250	50 do		975
French Press Co	300	500	all	50 p.a.		425
Mofussil Press and Ginning Co	1,125	400	all	30 do		225
Prince of W. Press	130	...	1,500	250 do		165
Sassoon's Press Co	600	400	all	25 do		225
Sind Press Co	400	850	750	60 do		450
Sind & Punjaub Cotton Press Co., Ld.	100	1,000	925	125 do		1,225
Victoria Cotton Gin and Press Co	150	850	all	12 p.ct		800
Volkart's United Press Co	450	1,000	1,000	25 p.c.		380

* Per Share for the half-year.

LAND COMPANIES.

Colaba Land Co. (New.)	4,000	1,000	all	15 p.a*	840
Frere Land and Pier Co. Limited	7,500	150	all	4 p.a	118
Mazagon Land	1,750	2 000	1,000	20 p.a	350
Port Canning Land Company, Limited	4,000	1,400	all	15 p.a	1923

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES IN LIQUIDATION.

Albert Mills	400	2,000	1,700	Nil	nominal
Alexandra S. and W. Co	2,250	415	all	do	
Bombay Hemp and Jute Mill Company	2,000	200	all	do	
Bronach Mills	...	...	...	do	
Colaba S. and W. Co	900	1,000	all	do	
Fleming S. and W. Co	3,750	500	all	do	
Mandvie S. and W. Co	1,200	500	all	do	
Nerbudda S. and W. Co	...	...	...	do	
Nicol Press Manufacturing Co., Ld.	600	2,000	all	do	
ursey S. and W. Co	2,500	400	all	do	

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Alfred Manufacturing Co.	1,000	500	all		405
Alliance Spinning	400	2,500	all	30 p.	1,300
Anglo-Indian S. and W. Company	80,000	100	100	Nil	68
Bhowanagar M. and P. Company	800	2,500	2,000	do	200
Bombay United	800	1,000	all	25	780 xd.
Coorla S. and W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	do	560
Central India S. and W. Company	2,500	500	all	do	575
Dhurumsey Spinning	2,000	2,000	all	do	295
Empress S. and W. Co.	700	500	all	do	365
Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	all	35	850
Hindustan S. & W. Co.	872	1,000	all	do	565
Hydrabad S. and W. Co	700	1,000	2 000	do	425
Jeevraj Balloo Mills	740	1,000	all	do	630
Khandelah Spinning	1,000	1,000	all	Rs. 30	930
K. Mucoonjee S. & W. Co.	1,000	1,000	all	do	510
Madras Spinning	250	1,250	all	do	200
Madras U. Spinning	432	1,000	all	50 p.a*	1,180
Manchester & Bombay S. and W. Co.	80,000	50	50	Nil	7
Manockjee Petit's	1,000	1,000	all	30 p.a*	1,150
Morarjee Spinning	1,040	1,000	all	Nil	940
Mazagon S. and W. Co.	2,000	5,000	..	do	80 xb.
National S. and W. Co. of India	950	1,000	all	do	710
Oriental	4,000	622	all	15	629
Princess of Wales Spinning	700	1,250	all	Nil	95
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,500	1,000	all	do	925
Soondercas Spinning	600	1,000	all	do	580
Do do. F Shares	500	1,000	250	do	120
Shoolapore S. and W. Co.	500	1,000	all	20	750
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	all	Nil	475

* Per Share for the half-year.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

STATEMENT of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay on the 27th September as compared with the statement issued on the 20th September:—

LIABILITIES	20th Sept. Rs.	27th Sept. Rs.
Proprietors' Capital	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund, invested in Government Securities	22,00,000	22,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office	68,85,305	74,04,249
Do do. at Branches	15,40,134	15,24,149
Other Deposits	1,38,05,228	1,44,31,906
Post Bills	20,377	25,903
Cash Credits, undrawn	3,30,773	4,17,374
	3,47,82,317	3,60,03,281
ASSETS.		
Government Securities	35,57,145	35,56 645
Cash Credits, on Security of Government Paper, Bullion, and Merchandise	13,35,462	13,42 691
Loans, on Security of do.	64,73 402	64,29,075
Current Accounts, overdrawn	2,655	5,203
Bills Discounted	1,69,76,243	1,13,26,221
Stamps	2,770	2,819
Dead Stock	Rs. 5,43,246	
Amount applied in reduction	2,05,000	
	3,38,246	3,38,246
Cash Balances with Correspondents	4,55,774	5,66 824
Cash and Currency Notes	1,16,40,614	1,24,35,257
	3,47,82,317	3,60,03,281

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT S.S. CZAREWITCH, 985 tons, Captain E Elton, and P-nasserim, 1,745 tons, Captain H A Street, both sailed on the 26th instant for Kurrachee with Government stores.

THE BARQUE JOSEPHINE, 324 tons, Captain J. Merie, arrived in harbour on the 28th inst. from Mauritius (1st September), with a cargo of 5,875 bags sugar. The vessel is consigned to Hajee Adam Sedick.

THE HALL LINE S. S. WINDSOR HALL, 1 729 tons, Captain F. Colin, arrived in harbour on the 28 h inst. from Kurrachee (26th September), with original cargo from Liverpool, and the following passengers:—Mr. H nderson, 2 Misses Henderson, and 25 deck.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s CALCUTTA, 549 tons, Captain J. Smith, arrived in harbour yesterday from the Persian Gulf via Kurrachee, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr. Mohundass Vulubdass, two native ladies, 26 deck, and 55 horses and 19 syces. The same Co.'s s. s. Chilka, 1,522 tons, Captain L. Campbell arrived in harbour yesterday from Moulmein (13th September), with a cargo of timber and rice.

THE A. H. LLOYD Co.'s S. S. MEDIA, 1,387 tons, Captain P. Cvitkovich, which arrived in harbour on the 27th inst from Trieste, brought the following cargo:—From Trieste—15 casks cement, 12 packages oil, 10 cases matches, 8 packages piece goods, 21 packages paint and colour, 4 packages glass ware, 20 cases thread, 577 packages papers, 22 cases beads, 14 packages sundries, and 220 pieces timber. From Aden—94 bales cotton, and 1 package sundries. From Beyrout—1 package paint, 2 packages paper, 1 case wearing apparels, and 1 case cystern. From Jeddah—6 packages almonds, 2 packages sundries, 66 packages specie, and 2 packages oil.

ARRIVALS.

Sept.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
28	Wistow Hall (s)	Collin	Kurrachee, Sept 26.
	Josephine	Merie	Mauritius, Sept 1.
29	Calcutta (s)	Smith	Bussorah, Sept 13.
	Chilka (s)	Campbell	Moulmein, Sept 13.

DEPARTURES.

Sept.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
29	I. G. Czarewitch (s)	Elton	Kurrachee.
	,, Tenasserim (s)	Street	Kurrachee.
29	Vingorla (s)	Magenis	K. Coast & Kurrachee.
	Vellore	Thomas	Bangkok.
	Loch Ness	Yoculey	Calcutta.
	Loch Long	Boldchild	Calcutta.
	Gulnare	Nevola	Mozambique.
	Sumatra (s)	Bricol	Venice.

The steamer Meden, to Trieste, was entered for loading yesterday.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS

Sept. 25 Asia (s) ..... Russell ..... Singapore, Sept. 6.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 26 Meinam .... Pondy and Galle.
27 Persia .... Marseilles.

PASSENGERS.

Per Asia—Mr and Mrs Barwise and infant, Mrs Johnston Messrs Moss, Forbes, Campbell, Snow, Duerot, and Martin, Joycux, Revd. Mr Pearsoni, Masters Wade, and Mills.

MADRAS.

DEPARTURE OF PASSENGERS.

Per s s El Dorado, for London, to-day:—Miss Travers (two), Mrs Chapman, Lieut Gosset, Messrs Leitch, Macleod, Carper, Fonseca, Kyte, and Goble.

Per s s Socotra, for Rangoon, to-day:—For Rangoon—Surg Routh, Mrs Hillier and infant.

DAILY IMPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 29.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Macedonia s—100 casks pale ale, Wallace and Co; 56 kegs iron rose nails, Hassumally Lalimeya; 50 cases yellow metal sheets, Ritchie, Stuart and Co; 3 packages paint of sorts, Abdool Hassum Tyebjee.

FROM GLASGOW.

Macedonia s—5 bales printing papers, The Bombay Gazette office; 2,000 fire bricks, S S Nurzelwala; 9 cases whiskey and 3 cases champagne, Grindlay, Groom and Co.

FROM LONDON.

Zambesi s—2 cases soap, Goolamally Jewanjee.
St George s—10 cases genos, Eduljee Bezonjee.
Persia s—7 cases envelops, Tyebaly Abdoolally.
Ben Ledi s—5 cases sherry, Cutler, Palmer and Co.

FROM GENOA.

Manilla s—25 cases brandy, Eduljee Bezonjee; 600 boxes brandy, 2 hogsheads claret, and 89 packages corks, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons; 160 bundles iron sheets, Hassumally Lallmeya.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Persia s—25 boxes brandy, Eduljee Bezonjee; 115 boxes brandy, D D Shah; 150 boxes brandy, Sorabjee Cowasjee Oomrigur.

DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPTEMBER 29.

FOR LONDON.

Sumatra s—2 cases brass ware and 1 case wooden ware and peacock feather ware, F Fischer and Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Ellen Bates s—330 cwts rags and 70 cwts hemp rope, Nuthoo Soondercje.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Persia s—21½ cwts gingellyseed, Nusserwanjee Manuckjee and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Persia s—320 bales cotton, F Mascetti and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Media s—249 bales cotton, F Mascetti and Co; 2,411 cwts castorseed, Knoop and Co; 109 bales cotton, Kunkier, Singer and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Media s—330 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 150 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Kashgar s—9 cases sharkfins and 3 cases Bombaws, Viseer Thaver; 14 chests opium, Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy; 27½ chests opium, Hajee Essa Ellias; 7 chests opium, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co; 43 chests opium, N J Abraham 307 chests opium, E D Sassoon; 12½ cwts E teeth, Ludhabhoy Chuttoo; 6 chests opium, Pallonjee Framjee; 31 chests opium, Tata and Co; 7½ chests opium, Tarachund Seetaram.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Kashgar s—22 chests opium, Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy; 8 chests opium, E J Abraham; 248 chests opium, Cursetjee Bomanjee and Co; 7½ chests opium, I S Sassoon; 55 chests opium, S S Sassoon; 222 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co; 78 chests opium, E D Sassoon; 10 chests opium, Ramkmren Rambilias; 2 chests opium, Guneshdass Crushanajee; 5 chests opium, Banodiram Balchund; 73 chests opium, M S Gubbay and Co.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

FOR LIVERPOOL VIA CAPE.

1015 Ellen Bates, Hodgson—Edward, Bates & Co.

FOR VENICE.

1172 Travancore (s), Scott—Mails, 13th Oct.
1540 Zambesi (s), Symons—Mails, 27th Oct.

FOR GENOA.

1019 Persia (s) Dodero—G Grondona.

FOR TRIESTE.

1387 Medea (s), Crillovich—A. H. Lloyd Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

598 Dewa Gungadhur, Fish—Edward Bates & Co.
1190 Loch Ness, Forshaw Finlay, Muir & Co.
1389 North Riding, Ward The Captain.

FOR MOULMEIN.

1336 Rouzanis, Jack—Finlay, Muir & Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

1514 Kashgar (s), Baker—Mails, 30th Sept.

FOR JEDDAH.

1356 Clan Ranold (s), Joste, Finlay, Muir and

NOT FIXED.

7391 Acacia, Henderson—Nanabhoy and Sorabjee.
1491 Blair Hayle, Watson—Merwanjee Nusserwanjee.
1503 Citadel, Magee—Thomas Ingham.
1636 County of Inverness, Mackenzie—Finlay, Muir & Co.
1389 East Lothian, Barr—Finlay, Muir & Co.
125 Golconda (s), Seaton—F. and O. Co.
2278 Gren Victoria, Pitt—Killick, Nixon and Co.
875 Hougoumont, Scotland—W. M. Macaulay & Co.
1089 James Edwards, Ellis—Wallace & Co.
224 Jessie Lane, Master—Hajee Adom Sedick.
1390 Kinross, Hancock—The Captain.
767 Koimasi, Doerfel—Cassin Calfa.
746 Lammermuir, Pringle—Finlay, Muir & Co.
1452 Macedonia (s), Laird—W. and A Graham and Co.
1239 Prince Victor, Cobler—The Captain.
1250 P. M. Webster—The Captain.
1769 Rock Terrace, Fife—Merwanjee Nusserwanjee.
816 Scottish Bord, Hutchison—Finlay, Muir and Co.
1398 Scottish Chieftain, Hamilton—The Captain.
270 St. Anne, Radenac—The Captain.
173 Speke Hall (s), Brand—W. and A. Graham & Co.
730 Supreme, Dewar—Finlay, Muir and Co.
1270 Varuna, Macaulay—The Captain.
1729 Wistow Hall (s), Collin—W. and A. Graham & Co.

ROYAL NAVY AND BOMBAY MARINE.

874 Abyssinia (s), 4, Barrett—(Harbour Defences.)
597 Amberwitch (s).
1060 Dalhousie (s), Powell.—(I. G. S.)
831 Kwangtung (s),—(I G S).
107 Magdala (s), 4, Barrett—(Harbour Defences.)

HIGH COURT.—SEPTEMBER 30.

[Before the Honourable SIR CHARLES SARGENT.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSE.

657-78—Jefferson and P—Thackersey Gungaram vs Nursey Keesowjee and others—Rimington, H and C—(for contamination of counsel's reply.)

To speak to the minutes of decree.

268-78—Craigie, Lyall and Co—C A Turner vs Hurruckchund Soorutram—Smith and F.

To vary order discharge Commissioner's report.

176-73—Hearn, C and L—Dayal Jairaz vs Khatao Ludha and others—Rimington, H and C—Part heard.

LONG CAUSES.

168-79—Craigie, Lyall and Co—Wassoodeo Withoba and others vs Keroba Govindjee—In person—Part heard.
408-79—Macfarlane and G—Hirjibhoy Lalljee and others vs Hassum Moorani—No appearance.
481-79—Muljee and B—Shreeram Sooruttam vs Vellbai—In person.
413-74—Tyabjee and S—Shaik Ally Mahomedally and others vs Abdoolabhoy Hassamally and others—Jefferson and P.
385-79—Cassik and W—Purmanandass Jewandass vs Kossowjee Naik—Hearn, C and L.
636-77—A. F Turner—Bapu Balloo vs Vishnu Ramchunder Ranaday—Muljee and B.
149-78—R V Hearn—C E Fox vs Sorabjee Pallonjee Mehtarjee—Prescot and W.
451-79—J C Cama—Chubildass Nurseylal vs Homojee Cursetjee Dady—Prescot and W.

[Before the Honourable Mr. JUSTICE BAYLEY.]

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

SHORT CAUSES.

102-77—Lynch and T—The L B and M Bank vs Vullebjee Tyabjee Bors.
72-79—Shapurjee and T—Lukhmidass Khimjee and others vs Abdool Khaliffa Aboo-if.
383-79—Chandunker and D—Lalljee Doongersey and another vs Cumroodin Tyabjee—Tyabjee and S.
407-79—Macfarlane and G—Ruttonsey Damjee vs Cumroodin Tyabjee—Tyabjee and S.
446-79—Nanu and M—Eduljee Muncherjee Commissariat vs Thacker Lillabhoy Mowjee—Tyabjee and S.
469-79—Macfarlane and G—Ruchordass Lalljee vs Khutrea Premjee Aghowjee—Jefferson and P.
541-79—Macfarlane and G—J Macfarlane vs Premchund Roychund.
552-79—Smith and F—Rustomjee Cursetjee Davur and another vs Mancherjee Cowasjee Davur and another—Macfarlane and G.

LONG CAUSES.

470-79—Rimington, H and C—Ludha Nathoo vs Jewandass Morarjee and others—Shapurjee and T and in person—Part heard.
403-79—Balkrishna and B—Parwati vs Govind Luxmon Bhil and another—Macfarlane and G.
477-76—Lynch and T—The L B and M Bank vs Dayabhoy Dayaram—Tyabjee and S.
52-79—Tyabjee and S—Thacker Dhurumsey Khimjee vs Muncherjee Ruttonjee and others.
2 79—Shapurjee and T—Cursondass Vulubdass and others vs The Fleming S and W Co—Ardesheer and H.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—SEPTEMBER 25.

Rayner, Lieut, 66th Regt, on duty, from Barsee.

SEPTEMBER 28.

Maunsell, Col, R E, on duty, from Ahmedabad.

DEPARTURES.—SEPTEMBER 29.

Evers, Surg, from furlough, to Nagpoor.
Vivers, Major, 7th Bombay N I, to join, to Bhooj.
Smith, Captain, R A, to join, to England.
Rayner, Lieut, 66th Regt, to join, to Kurrachee.
Gardner, Lieut, 2nd Grenadiers, to rejoin, to Nuseerabad.

POSTAL NOTICES.

DESPATCH OF INLAND MAILS FROM BOMBAY.

No after-packet will be made up at the General Post Office and the times for posting are given in the subjoined table.

A Post Office is established at the Bori Bandar Railway Station, where Letters and Papers, too late for the Mail closing at the General Post Office, are received *without fee* up to 5 minutes of the departure of Trains.

No Letters or Papers can be posted in the Railway Carriage Letter Box.

Tabal showing the hours for closing the Inland Mails which came into force from the 15th October 1878 and will continue so until further notice:—

MAILS.	Latest hour for Posting: At General Post Office. Ordinary Letters and Papers.	At General Post Office. Registered Letters & Parcels.	At Branch Post Offices.	At the Horse Bandar Railway Station Post Office.
For Bengal, N. W. Provinces, Punjab, Central Provinces, Malwa, Berar, and for all Post Towns on the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway	4-50 P.M.	3 P.M.	3 P.M.	5-25 P.M.
For Poona, Madras Presidency, the Deccan and for Post Towns on the S. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway	1-20 P.M.	12 NOON.	12 NOON.	1-55 P.M.
For Post Towns on the S. B. and C. I. Railway for Guzerat Kattywar and Kutch. For ditto South Concan, &c. for Penn, Nagotna Mhar, Khed, Dapooli, and Ratnagherry	5-30 A.M.	4 P.M. of previous day.	5-30 P.M.	Grant Road, 6-30 A.M.
For ditto on the S.E. Line of the G.I.P. Railway as far as Poona, and for ditto S. M. Country, Sattara, Kolapur, Belgaum and Dharwar, &c.	10 A.M.	Do.	8-30 A.M.	...
For ditto on the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway as far as Nandgaon. For Uran & Panwell.	6 A.M.	Do.	5-30 P.M. of previous day.	Bori Bander. 6-55 A.M.
	7 A.M.	Do.	Do.	7-55 A.M.
	5-30 A.M.	6-30 P.M. of previous day.	6-30 P.M. of previous day.	...

Registered letters and banghy parcels for despatch by all mails will be received, except on Sundays, from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M.

MR. A. MENIST, OCULIST'S OPTICIAN, of AMSTERDAM and LONDON, will RESUME his PROFESSIONAL VISIT to BOMBAY, on or about the 22nd of October. Notice of which will previously be announced.

NOTICE.

ALL LETTERS, PARCELS, and TELEGRAMS intended for HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR and the PRIVATE SECRETARY, which cannot reach GUNESH KHIND before THURSDAY NIGHT, the 2nd October, 1879, should be ADDRESSED to the SECRETARIAT, BOMBAY, until further notice.

G. H. R. HART,
Acting Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

Government House, Gunesh Khind, Poona, 26th September 1879.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR INSERTING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

MARRIAGES.

DANIELL—COOPER—September 10th, at St. Thomas's Church, Hissar, by the Rev. J. C. Caryon, M. A., Cambridge Mission, Delhi, Henry J. Daniell, C. E., to Amy Henrietta, the eldest daughter of J. A. Cooper, M.D., Civil Surgeon, Hissar.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES and other Remittances, sent to this office should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

The Bombay Gazette

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1879.

CONSIDERING the great number of senior officers in the Indian army, their heavy cost to the State, and their position as regimental officers, the prudence of the plan of giving officers pensions based upon the number of years of service they have—as the expression goes—"put in," in India, is surely open to question. The curious effects of the system is illustrated by the last *Fort St. George Gazette*, wherein we read of two certain lieutenant colonels of the Madras Staff Corps retiring on pension from the service. One of these officers obtains as pension £456 5s 0d., extra annuity £204 9s. 0d., capitalised value of which £6,008 0s, 0d. to be paid in England, while the other receives just £292 ordinary pension. Now, this is a very remarkable difference, remembering that the rank of the officers is the same. Of course, one has served much longer in India than the other in order to qualify for the superior pension; but the question is—does the public, the Government, or the army itself gain anything by old officers stopping on, and by their being encouraged to do so by pensions which increase rapidly with every year of service? We think not. We do not know of any one who gains by the system unless it is the officer himself; but there is even a doubt upon this point, because many grumble unceasingly at the necessity of remaining in India until they are old and broken before they can earn pension sufficient to live upon.

The remedy for this evil, which fills the subordinate posts in regiments with colonels and majors, of course, is—pensions according to rank instead of pensions according to years of service. We would make no distinction between the pension of a lieutenant-colonel of thirty years' service, and the pension of a lieutenant-colonel of twenty-six; between the pension of a major of twenty-five years' service, and the pension of a major of twenty years' service. Because, if this were done, many officers would retire soon after promotion to the higher grades, well knowing that they could have nothing to gain by staying on and by "putting in" year after year of service to the detriment of their own health and to the disadvantage of the army. Pensions under the proposed system would, of course, be changed, so as to make them better for the juniors of any particular army grade, and worse for the seniors; better as an inducement to go, and worse as an inducement to remain. For example, we might strike a balance between the pensions of the two lieutenant colonels mentioned above, which would give a fair rate for the grade of lieutenant-colonel. Say £550 or £600 a year for the rank of lieutenant colonel, £750 or £800 for that of colonel, and £350 or £400 for that of major. Even the higher scale quoted could not be considered an extravagant pension for periods of twenty, twenty-six, and thirty-two years of Indian exile; but it is a fact that Government can afford to give even larger pensions than those mentioned, and still save much money over the transaction.

The present plan of making pensions dependent, not upon rank but on years of service, has been shown over and over again to be a most wasteful one for the State. It causes the Government to pay colonels for doing captains', and majors for doing subalterns' duties. It stops all promotion and spoils the regiments themselves. The Government, directly and indirectly, one way and another, lose lakhs over this matter of military pensions annually; and all because they have mistaken the object of a pension, which is to get rid of old officers rather than to retain them. Then pensions are so bad for all but the oldest officers, that no one can afford to take one, and this furthers the senility first produced by mistaken rules. The object of the Government should be to get rid of about fifty per cent. of the majors at twenty odd years' service, and seventy per cent. of the lieutenant colonels at twenty six years to thirty years' service; but this object they can never attain when, as now, a bonus is offered to every officer to remain in the army so long as he can stand on two legs. The object, we say, can only be properly and easily accomplished by fixing certain rates of pension for certain grades, and by allowing the officer to take the full pension of that grade if he so pleases, directly he is promoted to it.

It is highly probable, though we cannot of course speak by the book, that of the two lieutenant colonels mentioned above, one would have retired years ago had he been offered £500 or £550 a year. And on referring to the officer's regiment (of which he was the commandant), we note that of the two wing commanders of that regiment one is a colonel, the other a lieutenant colonel, of nearly thirty-two and thirty-one years' service respectively! Here, then, is shown the costly effects of inducing officers, nay of compelling officers, to remain in India as long as they can possibly stay. The State pays for two colonels where two captains would do, and will by and bye give these colonels larger pensions than there is any necessity for. £500, or at any rate £600 a year would pension all the superfluous colonels of the service, were that amount available from the date an officer was promoted to the lieutenant colonel's grade. This also would leave just sufficient colonels for commands of regiments,—the only regimental duties on which lieutenant colonels ought properly to be employed. We trust the Army Commission at Simla will consider this suggestion, which puts the whole vexed and tedious question of Indian military senility in a nutshell. The whole business of promotion, of superfluous field officers, and of pension and superannuation for the Indian army, can be simply arranged, we say, by causing pensions to be settled according to an officer's rank, independent of what his service may be. And, of course, by also making those pensions sufficiently liberal to induce officers to take them. All the elaborate schemes which have been prepared on the subject come to no more than this, though they have one and all the great disadvantage of continuing, what in our opinion is the great mistake—pecuniary encouragement for every additional year of service put in. Doubtless, some active useful officers would retire under the proposed plan with many years of good work in them; but it is better that these should go, than that a number of superfluous veterans should remain. But this is what happens now under the silly blundering and expensive plan of not giving an officer a pension he can live on at home until he is no longer able to live in India.

We have received the following reliable details regarding crop prospects in the Southern Deccan and the Kanara districts. South of Poona, through Sattara and Kolhapur the rain fall generally, we learn, has been excellent. In a few places it may have been rather excessive, but not to any serious extent; and where too much rain has fallen, the plants will soon recover, under the influence of the present genial weather. The *kharif* (rain crop) may in these districts be looked upon as almost assured; the *rabi* (cold weather crop) is now being largely sown, and is looking very well, the cotton plants especially being well up and healthy. In the Belgaum and Dharwar (the Kanarese) country, the rainfall for August was unusually large; but for the last fortnight very little rain has fallen in that district. In some places, although no harm has yet occurred, some showers would be beneficial; but the break in other respects has been opportune. In much of the black soil of that part of the Presidency but little *kharif* was sown, especially in Dharwar, owing to the dread of rats, these having uprooted and devoured most of the grain seed already sown. This has left much more land than usual for *rabi*, which crop is now, thanks to the long break, in course of sowing. The *kharif* all over the country, we learn, looks most promising, and may be now deemed as nearly safe. With the *rabi* it is different. Though everything looks well and promising, an estimate given now might only mislead. It is far too soon to attempt to give any reliable opinion as to what the result of a crop that is only now being sown will be.

The liberal and well directed action that Government has carried out with regard to ridding the country of the swarms of rats has had a most excellent effect. Before this was done (over five million rats have been destroyed) the cultivators in many parts of the country had made up their minds that they would sow only in the fields immediately around their villages. The Government measures, however, restored confidence to such an extent that the ryots have planted, and are still planting, the land generally. The dread of a similar visitation to that of last year, though very considerably diminished, is not, however, entirely removed; the rat breeding season has hardly yet commenced, and as these vermin are prolific to an almost incredible extent, the distrust may be looked on as having some foundation. This, it is feared, is having an important effect in the sowing of American cotton seed, as the ryots are said to be planting more than the usual proportion of indigenous seed, being induced to do so by the fact that the rats last year did not do very much damage to indigenous cotton, whilst at the same time they destroyed the American variety in the most wholesale manner. The limited sowing of the exotic seed, however, may be beneficial for future seasons; as the only seed that the rats have left in the country is small and inferior. On the whole, we think that at present, prospects are better than they have been for years; and as regards the southern part of this Presidency, we may now calculate on the *kharif* crop being safe, as well as that it will be a good one; whilst, on the other hand, it is hardly prudent to make any forecast regarding the *rabi* crops, especially those of the Kanarese districts, where sowing is still in brisk progress.

THE Army Commission sitting at Simla have finally decided to recommend the abolition of the Commander-in-Chiefships of Madras and Bombay. The Indian army is to be divided into four army corps, each under a lieutenant-general, two of which are appointed to Bengal, one to Bombay, and one to Madras. Each command will be strictly local. The regiments will be recruited in their own districts and all distinctions will be retained. As our readers are aware, we have already reviewed this scheme on one or two occasions, and on the whole we shall be glad to hear that it has received the sanction of the authorities in England for whose approval it has now been submitted. The Commission has also

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

GENERAL ROBERTS'S MANIFESTO.

LAHORE, SEPT. 29.

The *Civil and Military Gazette* publishes a telegram from Simla, which states that the advance to Kabul proceeds without alteration.

Considerable consequence is attached to the arrival of the Amir at Kushi.

General Roberts has been instructed to issue a manifesto to the inhabitants of Kabul to the effect that all peaceable persons will be unmolested, but that all opposing the British advance will be treated as enemies of the British Government. Non-combatants are advised to retire to a place of safety.

The British forces will probably enter Kabul on the 1st of October. An organised resistance is not expected.

(LATEST FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

MAHOMED TAHIR KHAN.

SIMLA, SEPT. 29.

Major St. John has received a letter from Mahomed Tahir Khan at Khelat-i-Ghilzai, expressing pleasure at the approach of our troops and promising assistance in obtaining supplies. The report of Tahir's flight is accordingly untrue.

GENERAL ROBERTS'S PROCLAMATION TO KABUL.

SIMLA, SEPT. 29.

General Roberts will probably send forward to Kabul a proclamation to the effect that the British Army is advancing to take possession of the place, and warning all peaceably disposed persons, who have taken no share in the attack on the Residency and plundering of it and the city, to take immediate steps for their personal safety and that of the women and children. All persons, after receipt of the proclamation found armed in or near Kabul, will be treated as enemies.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(*By Red Sea Cable.*)

THE RUSSIANS IN CENTRAL ASIA.

LONDON, SEPT. 29.

A Russian expedition for the purpose of surveying and exploring the country and the rivers between Samarkand and the River Amu Darya started on the 17th August.

THE SILVER QUESTION.

LONDON, SEPT. 29.

Germany has agreed to the proposal made by the United States Government for an International Conference to discuss the silver question.

THE LONDON PRESS ON YAKUB KHAN'S INNOCENCE.

LONDON, SEPT. 29.

The London Press is of opinion that the arrival of the Amir Yakub Khan in the British Camp at Kushi proves that he is innocent of treachery, but does not greatly alter the situation.

THE BRITISH RESIDENT AT SIAM.

LONDON, SEPT. 29.

Mr. (?) Palgrave has been appointed British Resident at Siam.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

PORT SAID, SEPT. 29.

The S. S. Java, homeward bound from the Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, left here yesterday.

LISBON, SEPT. 29.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Merkara, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left the day before yesterday.

SUEZ, SEPT 29.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Manora, outward bound for Calcutta, Madras, and Colombo, left yesterday.

SUEZ, SEPT. 27.

The B. I. S. N. Company's steamer Java, homeward bound from the Persian Gulf and Kurrachee, left to-day.

The Anchor Line S. S. Columbia left here at 4 p. m. to-day for Bombay.

LONDON, SEPT. 26.

The Liverpool Cotton Market has been firm. Surats firm.

Fair Dhollera	5¾
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	76
4½ per cent. do.	83¼
3 per cent. Consols for account	97⅝
5 per cent. French Rentes, 1872	118¾
Bar Silver	51 9-16

STEAMER REPORTS.

GALLE, SEPT. 29, 6-30 P.M.

French mail steamer Ava from Suez arrived.

GALLE, SEPT. 29, 7-30 P.M.

French mail steamer Meinam from Calcutta arrived.

THE WEATHER.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

Sept	Colaba. In. cnt.	Fort. In. cnt.	Byculla. In. cnt.
Total previously registered...	59 95	69 47	71 60
28 Sunday	0 29	0 0	0 34
29 Monday	0 0	0 70	0 92
Total	60 24	70 17	72 86
Fall up to 29th Sep. 1878	103 20	111 23	110 20
Do. to 29th Sep. 1877	60 80	50 22	60 36

NOTE.—The returns from the Fort and Byculla are made up to 6 p.m. each day. The return from Colaba is up to midnight.

THE total fall of rain at Tulsi up to 6 a. m. of Sunday, the 28th instant, was 98 inches and 72 cents. The height of water in the Lake was 46-56.

WEATHER REPORT BY TELEGRAPH.—SEPT. 29.

CANNANORE, 4-26 p.m.—Weather clear; wind W.

KARWAR, 5 p. m.—Weather fine; wind W. 4; thermometer 83; barometer 30·000.

MANGALORE, (Sept. 28)—Weather fair; wind S. E., S. W.

TUTICORIN, 2 p. m.—Weather fair; wind S. E.; thermometer 88; barometer 27·92.

VINGORLA, 5 p. m.—Weather clear; wind N. N. W. light; thermometer 82.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY WEATHER REPORT

FOR THE WEEK ENDING SEPT. 24.

(As taken at 10 A.M.)

Station.	Barometer. Reduced to 32° and to Sea-level.	Thermometer in Shade. Change since yesterday.	Dry bulb.	Change since yesterday.	Wet bulb.	Percentage of saturation.	Change since yesterday.	Hemi-dity.	Wind. Direction.	Velocity in miles per hour for twenty-four hours.	Amount of cloud 0 to 10.	Rainfall in past 24 hours.
Jacobabad	29·797	+053	89·8	+2·0	74 6	47	+1		Calm	4	0	...
Kurrachee	29·868	+031	84·6		76·8	71	+4		W S W	7	0	..
Deesa	29·93	+029	81·3	+1·6	74·7	62	+2		W S W	7	7	..
Rajkot	29·911	+050	82·1	+4·0	72·1	66	+17		W	8	7	0·16
Ahmedabad	29·912	+036	83·6	+0·5	76.5	72	+10		W N W	7	10	..
Nowgaon	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..
Poona	..	..	..	..	..	..	..		..	..	..	..
Sholapore	29·885	+010	81·3	+1·0	69·8	55	+4		N W	10	4	..
Bombay	29·949	+038	80·0	+2·5	76·5	85	−8		E N E	6	6	0·23
Goa*	29·979	+075	79·5	−1·0	77·0	89	+6		W	5	7	..
Akola	29·862	+034	81·2	−0·5	70·1	56	−2		N W	8	8	..
Amraoti	29·779	↑	86 3	+2·0	72·5	50	−5		N W	2	3	..
Belgaum	29·939	−024	75·4	+1·5	68·1	69	−2		W	8	7	..

* Not corrected to Calcutta standard.

WEATHER REMARKS.

Jacobabad—Fine clear weather.
Kurrachee—Fine clear weather.
Deesa—Fine weather with passing clouds.
Rajkot—Passing showers during day.
Surat—Overcast with rain; moist and muggy.
Sholapore—Fine weather with passing clouds.
Bombay—Passing showers during day.
Goa—Sultry.
Akola—Gale of wind.
Amraoti—Fine weather with passing clouds.
Belgaum—Fine weather with passing clouds.

RAINFALL ON THE G. I. P. RAILWAY LINE

FOR THE WEEK ENDING 26TH SEPT.

We have been favoured with the following records of rainfall on the districts intersected by the G. I. P. Railway, by Mr. G. Barnett:—

Stations.	Quantity registered up to week ending Friday, 19th Sept 1879.		Quantity fallen up to 6 P.M. on week ending Friday, 26th Sept. 1879.		Total.	
	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cents.	Inches.	Cts.
Lanoli	147	0	1	74	148	74
Tullegaon	38	6	0	0	38	6
Dhond	12	55	0	5	12	6
Barsi	14	32	0	0	14	32
Nimbora	18	95	3	10	22	5
Nasik	26	13	0	0	26	13
Julgaon	37	51	3	27	40	80
Sohagpur	43	87	6	19	50	60
Jabalpur	35	41	2	39	37	80

RAINFALL ON THE GUJARAT LINE.

We have been favoured with the following records of rainfall on the districts intersected by the B. B. and C. I. Railway, by Mr. Mathew:—

PANJU.	In.	Cts.	VAITARNA.	In.	Cts.
Previously reported	73	75	Previously reported	66	89
September 21	0	0	September 21	0	0
,, 22	0	4	,, 22	0	0
,, 23	0	0	,, 23	0	0
,, 24	0	0	,, 24	0	0
Total	73	79	Total	66	89
PALGHAR.	In.	Cts.	GHOLWAD.	In.	Cts.
Previously reported	69	98	Previously reported	58	33
September 21	0	0	September 21	0	0
,, 22	0	0	,, 22	0	0
,, 23	0	0	,, 23	0	0
,, 24	0	0	,, 24	0	0
Total	69	98	Total	58	33
BULSAR.	In.	Cts.	SURAT.	In.	Cts.
Previously reported	59	38	Previously reported	33	9
September 21	0	0	September 21	0	1
,, 22	0	0	,, 22	0	0
,, 23	0	0	,, 23	0	0
,, 24	0	0	,, 24	0	0
Total	59	38	Total	33	91

DABHOL	In.	Cts.
Previously reported	39	54
September 20	0	0
,, 21	0	0
,, 22	0	0
,, 23	0	0
,, 24	0	0
,, 25	0	8
,, 26	0	63
Total	46	17

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

BOMBAY, 28th September 1879.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah	29·853
Temperature of the Air	79·7
Wet Bulb thermometer	76·4
Dew Point	75·2
Relative humidity of Air	863
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded =1)	4·6
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)	83·6
Minimum do. (read at 10 a.m.)	73·5
General Direction of Wind	NE., ESE., SSW., W., WSW., W., WSW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours / Fall of Rain, from midnight to midnight	200 / 0·29
Total fall during the month	4·85
Do. year	60·24
Additional fall of rain up to 10 a. m. of 29th	0·31

RATE OF EXCHANGE ON LONDON.

Bank Bills, on demand	1s. 7d.	per Rs.
Do. 3 months' sight	1s. 8 d.	,,
Credit 3 months' sight	1s. 8 3-32d.	,,
Documents 3 months' sight	1s. 8d to 5-32d.	,,
Francs 3 months' sight	9·12½	,,

WE learn that His Excellency the Governor is to preside at the Exhibition of the Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Medical School at Poona this afternoon.

THE *Englishman* has "reason to believe that on the 31st August a despatch from Sir Louis Cavagnari was telegraphed to the Government of India, the tenor of which made it very clear that the Envoy apprehended imminent mischief."

CAPTAIN GRAVES, 13-9, R. A., died at Peshawur on the 23rd instant, of cholera, after a few hours' illness. Several cases of cholera have occurred among the troops there. The 2-9th Regiment at Jamrud had five cases and have returned to Hurry Singh Boorj. It was not thought prudent to let them advance.

WITH reference to the letter of "An Englishman" in our issue of yesterday, it may be as well to state that the village of Chitrawad, where the incident complained of occurred, is a separate tribute paying village, and under the jurisdiction of the British authorities direct. Its proximity to the State of Bhavnagar might lead it to be supposed that it is owned by that State, but we learn that it is not so, and that the thanadar and its karkuns are Government nominees.

THE reserve being formed will consist of the 1st Bengal Cavalry; 13th Bengal Lancers; C-4, Royal Artillery; 1-8, Royal Artillery; 8th King's; 85th King's Light Infantry; 5th Native Infantry; 11th Native Infantry; 20th Punjab Native Infantry; 21st Punjab Native Infantry; 30th Native Infantry; 44th Native Infantry, and 5th Sikhs. Carriage for the force is expected to be procured from local sources abundantly after the *Feed*, which will take place now in a few days. The Staff of the expedition are:—Colonel McGregor, C. B, Chief of the Staff; Brigadier-General McPherson, V. C.; Baker, C. B.; Massy, V. C.; Colonel Perkins, C. B., Commanding Engineers; Colonel Hum, Principal Commissariat Officer; Colonel Gordon, Commanding Royal Artillery; Deputy Surgeon General Townsend, Principal Medical Officer; Major Hastings, Political Officer; Major Seagrim, Judge Advocate General; Major Galbraith, Assistant Adjutant General; Captain Kennedy, Assistant Quarter-Master-General; Surgeon-Major Porter, Superintendent, Field Hospitals; Brigade Majors, Captains Morton, Tanner, and Brabazon; D. Q. M. G., Captains Rane, Combe, Smith; Captain Wynter, Superintendent Transport; Captain Straton, Superintendent, Field Telegraphy; Captain Woodthorpe, Superintendent, Survey; A. D. C's Captains Prettyman, Sherstone, and Chamberlain. The health of the troops is fair. Sick and weakly men are sent to the rear. Weather fine, nights cold.

A MILITARY correspondent of long experience writes from Abbotabad to the Lahore paper:—"I wish to draw your attention to the great risk the authorities run by concentrating troops in the Peshawur Valley at this time of year; cholera is lurking about, and anyone that remembers the terrible outbreaks in the years 1867, 1869, 1872 and 1876, all in the month of September or October of those years—the latter month being especially fatal—will agree that short of the direst necessity from a military point of view, troops ought not to be marched into that sickly valley. Till General Bright is ready to march straight on Gundamuck or whatever his objective point may be, till his commissariat and transport is complete, not a man should be sent across the Indus. On that side, now that satisfactory arrangements have been come to with the Afridis, there are, I think, more than enough troops already. Moreover, during the next six weeks, the terrible Peshawar fever will hold full sway, and anyone that remembers the condition of the 81st Rifle Brigade and 14th Sikhs in the last campaign, will see that a corps thus prostrated is almost worse than useless."

THE steamer Algitha, 1,219 tons, jute laden from Calcutta for Dundee, narrowly escaped being lost on the 17th instant. The steamer left the port (Calcutta) on the morning of that day in charge of Mr. Phipson, master pilot, but proceeded no further than Melancholy Sands, where she grounded heavily, going on her beam ends, much to the alarm of all on board, who, including the pilot, abandoned the vessel in the boats. Most fortunately, however, at flood tide the steamer floated, and although she still had a dangerous list, through shifting of the cargo, the pilot and crew boarded her and brought her to town. The extent of the damage to the vessel and her cargo has not yet been ascertained. The *Statesman* remarks on the above:—"We should have expected, when an occurrence like the above had taken place, that the port authorities would have ordered a searching enquiry into all the circumstances, but a report has reached us that not only have no steps been taken in the matter, but that actually Mr. Phipson is about to be appointed to take charge of another vessel leaving in a few days. It is quite possible that the port officer and his assistants may consider that the casualty was unavoidable, as far as the pilot was concerned, but it appears to us that there are other parties deeply interested in the vessel and her voyage—namely, the owners of the vessel, shippers of the jute, and underwriters of the vessel and her cargo, who should be permitted the satisfaction of a strict and legal inquiry or trial. It is hardly justice to such parties that the officials who conduct the work of the Marine Department should be allowed to constitute themselves into a court to decide off-hand in a case where the lives of thrity people were endangered, not to speak of the steamer and her cargo."

A CORRESPONDENT at the front writes to the Lahore paper on the question of our policy in Afghanistan:—"We must brace ourselves to the task of taking it under our protection and rule. The work will not be found so difficult as may be expected. The only Government which has ever been popular and strong in Afghanistan has been a rule through the medium of the chiefs of the tribes. They were consulted regarding all great undertakings, and without their consent nothing of importance was carried out. In time under the Durrani rule the Amirs gradually more and more usurped the supreme power, but with the result, up even to the present, of a continued state of strife and lawlessness in Afghanistan; each chief only wanted the opportunity and the power to strike for independence—even now we see the country split into several parties each striving for supremacy, and none sufficiently strong to awe the others into subjection. Loyalty to the Amir as a personal potential feeling does not exist; his power exists only so long as he has force to compel obedience. Let us take his place, ensure to the chiefs their independence and the hereditary possession of their jaghirs, compel them as the price of this concession, to retain but a small number of armed followers and to enforce the disarmament of the civil population. They should contribute a moderate amount of their revenue for the purpose of public works and for defraying our expenses in holding the chief, strategetical points. With security for life and property, which we could through our influence obtain, trade would revive and the wants of millions in Afghanistan and Central Asia would open a new field to English manufactures."

THE *Civil and Military Gazette* "chaffs" the authorities anent the reasons assigned for their "Special" prohibition:—"Every available quadruped, says the Government, will be required for the use of the troops; every tent likewise: imagine a Special travelling horseless and tentless, 'through a hostile country,' and behind every boulder a rascally *jezailchee* taking leisurely aim at his priceless person! The thought was too overpowering, and the Government resolved to keep the Representative of the Public out of harm's way, until General Roberts could arrange for housing, nursing, and coddling him in the city of the Amir. Who after this can doubt that the *Sircar* is the Special's father-and-mother? But as evidently it must have caused the Government a twinge of paternal grief to deprive its children of their pleasures, the authorities will no doubt rejoice if we can suggest to them some way out of their difficulty. Why should not those spoilt children, the Specials, enter the market for ponies and tents on their own account? We even think they did something of the kind before. Why should they not pay for their own keep? Their principals can well afford the expense; as, indeed, they know by experience. And what are ten or fifteen Specials among an army of fifteen thousand—leaving the Kandahar force out of the question altogether? The small slaughter that occurred the other day at the Shutur gurdan has left a void which all the Specials that are ever likely to join the campaign can scarcely fill up. And in a big army, what signifies a difference of a dozen or so combatants more or less? Lastly, the Government might safely wash its hands of all responsibility for any Special who attained what are called years of discretion, to know of the distinction between a Mongol and a Sikh, an Afghan gun and a *chokidar's* staff, and who would take his solemn oath never to write his notes between close lines of opposing fires in a pitched battle, or stroll into any cut-throat village, clap the headman on the back, and order him to fetch a light."

THE *Statesman* is in hot water all round. In addition to rousing the ire of Government and the Press Commissioner to the exclusion of all official news from its columns, it has come under the lash of *Charivari*, who uses the whip to some purpose as follows:—"We have generally hitherto abstained from noticing the remarks of our contemporary, the *Statesman*, because they have been clothed in such abusive terms and bad English as to be sufficiently ridiculous without our assisting to make them so. Besides they have been generally personal attacks on individuals. But now that our contemporary has taken to vilifying the entire British nation, we think it time to interfere. In his issue of Tuesday, the 16th instant, commenting on some remarks which had appeared in the *Bombay Gazette*, this scurrilous scribbler says:—'The *Gazette* howls down bloody vengeance on the people of Kabul for the foul and treacherous murder of our envoy—*for doing in fact precisely what we English should have done in their position.*' We should like to know on what grounds this most unjust accusation is made against the English nation. Does history make any mention of Englishmen ever having murdered the envoy and escort of a friendly power even before they could be ranked as a civilised nation? No; it is simply another instance of the writer's love of throwing dirt, in the hope that some of it will stick, and to gratify his native supporters. We would advise him to bear in mind the old proverb, 'It is an ill bird that fouls its own nest.'"

IRRIGATION is being extended with much success in the Madras Presidency. In each section of the Godavari Delta there has been an increase, both in area and revenue, which is due in a great measure to the impetus given to irrigation by the famine, and the high prices therefrom resulting, but partly also to the progress of the Delta works and improved arrangements for distribution.

THE general remarks on the state of the public health, weather, and prospects of the crops in Burma for the week ended the 13th September are:—"Crops generally healthy and very promising; floods in Tharrawaddy have caused much damage; river rising at Thayetmyo; sowings not yet finished in Thonkwa owing to floods; public health good; mild cholera and small-pox in parts; very slight cattle-disease."

THE latest estimate of the entire indigo crop for the season is not more than 80,000 maunds, one of the smallest crops known.

THE *Englishman* has been informed that there is no truth in the statement of its Simla correspondent, that orders were issued three months ago by the Government of India for the collection in the Kurrum Valley of transport sufficient for the conveyance of a considerable force to Kabul.

THE administering of stupefying drugs in order to facilitate the commission of thefts is becoming so common an offence in Bengal that the Lieutenant-Governor has found it necessary to draw the attention of all district officers to its prevalence. This dangerous crime increased last year, and the Inspector-General of Police remarks that "for a time there was an outbreak in several districts." District officers are also warned to be on their guard against professional poisoners; and, to avoid a miscarriage of the law, the Lieutenant-Governor has lately directed that in all difficult poisoning cases the prosecution shall be conducted, wherever possible, by the District Superintendents.

CHITTAGONG has made rapid progress as an important port for Indian trade, especially during the last two years. In 1876-77, 1,791 vessels, with a tonnage of 80,652 tons, visited the port; in 1877-78 the number of vessels had increased to 2,000, and the tonnage to 106,766 tons; and in 1878-79 there was a further increase to 2,140 vessels, with a tonnage of 135,672 tons. There has thus been an addition of 349 vessels and 55,020 tons in the trade of the port since 1876-77. The chief features of the trade during the past year were a general increase in the Naraingunj trade, including jute shipments, larger importation of salt from the United Kingdom, and larger exportation of grain to Mauritius and Ceylon. The total value of the trade of the port during the past year was Rs. 88,20,752 as compared with Rs. 68,13,478 in 1877-78, thus showing an increase of Rs. 20,07,274.

KING THEEBAW is making arrangements for dressing his soldiers afresh as well as for illuminating his city with the electric light. A Rangoon paper states that a quantity of leather military accoutrements, buttons with the peacock embossed on them, and cloth for military clothing has been imported by the Pangyet Woon for the uniform of the King's Braves. "No longer will Theebaw's army wear Tommy Atkins's cast off tunics. No longer are they to appear in their varigated thunder and lightning dress: they are now to wear military uniform with facings, regimental buttons, buff belts, and all the other paraphernalia of Tommy's uniform. Whether their head gear is to be altered or whether they are still to be adorned with the Spittoon helmets or have the spiked Pikel-haube instead, we do not know."

THERE are some curious inconsistencies in sentences passed on offenders by different magistrates in the Bengal Presidency. The officiating Lieutenant-Governor (Sir Steuart Bayley) has requested the Commissioners of divisions to call for and examine the record of certain cases brought to the notice of Government by Mr. Munro, the Inspector-General of Police. It appears that some absurdly light sentences have been passed on old offenders. Thus in Tipperah, a man who four years ago was sentenced to six months' imprisonment, gets only 15 days for receiving stolen property. In the same district another man, previously convicted of receiving stolen property, gets fifteen days for cattle theft. In Durbungah, a man twice convicted of theft gets the same punishment each time, a fine of Rs. 20. In Bhagulpore, a man having undergone five previous convictions of theft, housebreaking, and receiving stolen property, is again convicted and let off with three months. These and similar sentences "are wholly unintelligible to the Lieutenant-Governor," who is all the more astonished, because a year ago he wrote very decidedly about the necessity of punishing habitual offenders severely.

WE extract from the *Tribune Medicale de Paris* the following observation:—"Our fellow-citizen, Dr. Ousart, was called in haste to Mr. Leger, who is labouring under a dreadful attack of asthma, having resisted all treatments thus far resorted to. Dr. Ousart thinks to prescribe Grimault & Co.'s Indian Cigarettes no sooner has the patient inhaled the smoke of the same than suffocation disappeared. Mr. L. does no longer fear the return of such an attack, knowing how he can be relieved of it from its first symptoms."

BOMBAY.

THE Band of H. M.'s Marine Battalion will play at the Gymkhana this evening, weather permitting.

THE Byculla Schools will shortly proceed to Khandalla for their annual change; the boys leave on Saturday, the 4 h, and the girls on Wednesday, the 8th of October, and return on the 15th of November.

OPENING OF A TELEGRAPH OFFICE AT MATHERAN.—Mr. Izaak Walton, the Superintendent of the Bombay Division, intimates in our advertising columns the opening of a telegraph office at Matheran from to-morrow.

THE following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Apollo Bander this evening (weather permitting) instead of on Wednesday evening:—

March	Elton ..... Kuhner.
Overture	Don Juan ..... Mozart.
Selection from	Attilla ..... Verdi.
Waltz	Morgenblatter ..... Strauss.
Quadrille	La Grande Duchesse de Geroldstein ..... Strauss.
Galop	Flick and Flock ..... Hertel.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THE band of the Royal Fusiliers will play at the Gymkhana grounds to-day (Tuesday) instead of Wednesday (weather permitting), the following programme of music commencing at 5 o'clock:—

March	Grandfather's Clock ..... Kappey.
Overture	Banditen Streich ..... Suppe.
Valse	Distant shore ..... D'Albert.
Quadrille	Auf der Moldau ..... Knoblock.
Selection	Seaside Echoes ..... Harc.
Valse	Hockeliedlicher ..... Gung'l
Galop	Von hous Zu hous ..... Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

CRIMINAL BREACH OF TRUST.—Hurryshunker Ramkurson was yesterday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of criminal breach of trust in respect of a brass *lota* valued Re. 1, the property of Govind Bhanjee. He was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

REFUSING TO PROCEED TO SEA.—Robert Bruce, a seaman of the British ship Varuna, was yesterday sentenced by Mr. C. P. Cooper to ten weeks' rigorous imprisonment for refusing to proceed to sea in that vessel without any lawful reason, he being an articled seaman.

WE understand that contractors are required by the Engineer-in-Chief, Punjab Northern State Railway, Rawul Pindee, for the railway under construction from Jhelum to that station. The country is heavy and difficulties considerable, cuttings in sandstone and hard clay viaducts and heavy culverts.

DEATH FROM SNAKE-BITE.—A CORONER'S inquest was held yesterday, at Malabar Hill, on view of the body of a Hindu lad, named Gnugaram Govind, who on the previous evening was bitten on the right ankle by a snake and died about an hour after the occurrence. The verdict was, "That the death of the deceased was caused by snake-bite."

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A Coroner's inquest was held on Sunday last at the J. J. Hospital, on view of the body of a Hindu boy, named Nathia Muthu, who on that morning while riding in a cart fell off, and one of the wheels passed over his breast and shoulders, from the effects of which he shortly thereafter died. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

THEFTS.—Tukaram Anajee *alias* Tukaram Soorjee was yesterday convicted by Mr. P. Ryan of stealing a shawl and an umbrella, valued Rs. 4-6, and was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment—Joosub Wulli was yesterday convicted by Mr. Nana Morojee of stealing two purses containing Rs. 13-8 belonging to Luknichund Dowlichund. He was sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment.

A NEST OF PARSEE GAMBLERS.—On Sunday night last Mr. Acting Superintendent McDermott, of the Mahim Division, effected a successful arrest of 39 Parsee gamblers while they were engaged in gambling in a house situated in a cart at Mahim. One of the prisoners, named Dadabhoy Bhisajee, endeavoured to effect an escape and sustained a severe cut on the head. The whole of the prisoners were yesterday charged before Mr. P. Ryan. They were all found guilty, and fined Rs. 5 each, with the exception of one of the prisoners, named Cooverjee Burjorjee who was fined Rs. 10, and the money Rs. 87-7-6, which was found lying on the ground when the arrest was made, was ordered by the Magistrate to be confiscated and placed towards the funds of the Court's poor-box.

HOUSEBREAKING AND THEFT.—Yesterday at the Girgaon Police Court, before Mr. P. Ryan, a Goanese, named Kaitan Francis *alias* Kaitan Jakee *alias* Kaitan DeSouza and John Thomas Deighton were charged, prisoner No. 1 with housebreaking and theft of property belonging to Mr. Robert Johnston, a driver in the employ of the G. I. P. Railway Company, and residing at the Berkley Buildings, Byculla, and prisoner No. 2 with dishonestly receiving a portion of the said property, and assisting in the disposal of the same. The evidence of Mr. Robert Johnston was taken, who identified the property before the court as his property. The case was then adjourned for further hearing till the 14th proximo, and the prisoners were remanded to jail.

CRICKET.—AHMEDNAGAR GYMKHANA VS. BOMBAY PARSEE CRICKET CLUB.—The Parsee cricketers left Poona on Saturday morning for Ahmednagar, where they played the same evening. Next day (Tuesday) the match commenced. Amednagar won the toss and asked the visitors to go in. The innings closed at 1-30 for a total of 102 run, of which S. Bezonji subscribed 31 *not out*, D. E. Dhurwar 13, B. H. Reporter 12, and R. Jamsejee 10. Ahmednagar, when the game was stopped for lunch at 2 o'clock, had obtained 32 runs for 2 wickets. Part of the interval was occupied in taking a photograph of both the teams by a local artiste. The game was resumed at 3 o'clock, after which the Parsees played with great success, as for 14 more runs they disposed off all the remaining wickets. Thus Ahmednagar scored only, 46 runs or 56 behind their opponents. The Parsee Club then went in again, and when stumps were drawn for the day, they had scored 96 runs for 7 wickets. Next day the game was resumed, and the Parsees added 39 before they were all out, making their second total 135, with 192 runs to get to win. Ahmednagar commenced their second innings at 12, and it looked very well for them when they made 73 runs at the cost of 2 wickets; they again fell away as in the first innings, the whole team being dismissed for 97. Thus the Parsee Cricket Club won the match by 94 runs. The fielding of the Parsees was very good, especially that of A. R. Libuwalla, who kept wickets with great success; A. C. Major too, fielded very well.

MORE DACOITIES.—The suburbs and neighbourhood of Poona are not done with dacoities yet. We have heard of further dacoities being committed in Mulsi Pethe, in the territory of the Punt Suchev of Bhor, and in Jamais Mala, Bhowani Pait. At Bher the number of men concerned in the dacoity was ten; at Pethe Mulsi and Bhowani Pait there were at least fifty concerned.—*Deccan Herald.*

THE TRAFFIC ON THE B. B. AND C. I. RAILWAY.—The increase in goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 20th September, 1879, was 3,196 maunds, and decrease in money Rs. 1,388. The quantities carried and earnings compared with 1878 are as follows:—

Description.	Week ending 20th Sept., 1879.		Week ending 21st Sept., 1878.		Increase.		Decrease.	
COTTON—								
Weight	Mds	1,181	Mds	797	Mds	387	...	
Amount	Rs.	465	Rs.	24	Rs.	222	...	
GRAIN—								
Weight	Mds	38,582	Mds	62,191	...		Mds	23,609
Amount	Rs.	8,918	Rs.	17,231	...		Rs.	8,713
JAGREE—								
Weight	Mds.	1,46	Mds.	53	Mds	925	...	
Amount	Rs.	727	Rs.	397	Rs.	330	...	
OPIUM—								
Weight	...		Mds	17	...		Mds	17
Amount	...		Rs.	46	...		Rs.	46
P. GOODS AND TWIST—								
Weight	Mds	2,956	Mds	2,978	...		Mds	22
Amount	Rs.	2,747	Rs.	2,916	...		Rs.	169
SALT—								
Weight	Mds	21,309	Mds	3,635	17,764		...	
Amount	Rs.	6,573	Rs.	1,669	4,964		...	
SEEDS—								
Weight	Mds	4,111	Mds	2,897	Mds	1,214	...	
Amount	Rs.	1,544	Rs.	735	Rs.	809	...	
SUGAR—								
Weight	Mds.	2,517	Mds	4,377	...		Mds	1,860
Amount	Rs.	1,226	Rs.	2,893	...		Rs.	1,647
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES—								
Weight	Mds	3,615	Mds	2,322	Mds	1,290	...	
Amount	Rs.	1,036	Rs.	791	Rs.	272	...	
STONE—								
Weight	Mds	19,316	Mds	11,862	Mds	7,453	...	
Amount	Rs.	1,158	Rs.	684	Rs.	474	...	
TOBACCO—								
Weight	Mds	1,990	Mds	462	Mds	1,463	...	
Amount	Rs.	834	Rs.	177	Rs.	657	...	
GENERAL GOODS—								
Weight	Mds	36,413	Mds	38,210	..		Mds	1,797
Amount	Rs.	10,751	Rs.	9,362	Rs.	1,389	...	
TOTAL—								
Weight	Mds	133,480	Mds	130,284	Mds	3,196		
Amount	Rs.	35,619	Rs.	36,997	..		Rs.	1,388

THE GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.—The decrease in goods traffic on the G. I. P. Railway for the week ending 20th September, 1879, was 32,066 maunds and in money Rs. 53,243. The quantities carried and the earnings compare with 1878 as follows:—

Description.	Week ending 20th Sept., 1879.		Week ending 21st Sept., 1878.		Increase.		Decrease.	
COTTON—								
Weight	Mds	17,914	Mds	8,174	Mds	9,740	...	
Amount	Rs.	20,183	Rs.	12,531	Rs.	7,652	...	
WHEAT—								
Weight	Mds	22,344	Mds	37,913	...		Mds	15,569
Amount	Rs.	11,855	Rs.	20,566	...		Rs.	8,711
OTHER FOOD GRAIN—								
Weight	Mds	1,043,18	Mds	1,37,491	...		...	
Amount	Rs.	38,820	Rs.	69,990	...		...	
LINSEED—								
Weight	Mds	2,078			...		...	
Amount	Rs.	948			...		...	
TEELSEED—								
Weight	Mds	646			...		...	
Amount	Rs.	421			...		...	
OTHER SEEDS								
Weight	Mds	2,960			...		...	
Amount	Rs.	1,156			...		...	
SUGAR AND JAGREE—								
Weight	Mds	3,885			...		...	
Amount	Rs.	2,530			...		...	
SALT—								
Weight	Mds	18,046	Mds	11,228	Mds	6,818	...	
Amount	Rs.	8,943	Rs.	5,766	Rs.	3,177	...	
OPIUM—								
Weight	Mds	1,783	Mds.	232	Mds	1,551	...	
Amount	Rs.	6,041	Rs.	7.8	Rs.	5,313	...	
P. GOODS AND TWIST—								
Weight	Mds	13,092	Mds

Grace's batting average for Gloucestershire is again the best, although his aggregate his below that of Ulyett, who had eleven more innings for his 621 runs. Among the other batsmen Messrs. Gilbert, Frank Penn, Hornby, the brothers Steel, A. J. Webbe, Hon. A. Lyttleton, I. D. Walker, and the brothers Shuter, come out best. In bowling Mycroft and Morley are most prominent, and among the slow bowlers Barlow and Messrs. A. G. Steel, A. F. Ford, Shaw, Flowers, Southerton, Lillywhite, Bates, and Peate, while Blamires has proved a decided acquisition to Surrey in his first season with that county.

The following summary will show the results of the season for the nine counties :—

	Played.	Won.	Drawn.	Lost.	Highest Innings.
Derbyshire	6	2	0	4	146
Gloucestershire	10	1	6	3	320
Kent	10	2	1	7	209
Lancashire	10	5	4	1	312
Middlesex	8	2	4	2	476
Notts	13	5	6	1	384
Surrey	10	3	2	5	281
Sussex	4	1	1	2	148
Yorkshire	14	7	3	4	353

The chief match of the last week was Gentlemen of the North *v.* Gentlemen of the South, which was drawn much in favour of the North. The totals were—South, 231 and 146; North, 243 and 100 for one wicket. For the South, Mr. W. G. Grace made 45 and 1, the Hon. Ivo Bligh 33 and 55, Mr. C. I. Thornton 33 and 15, and Mr. W. H. Hadow 31 and 22. A singular feature of this innings was that there were no less than 43 "extras," 31 byes and 12 leg byes. The chief scorers for the North were Mr. A. N. Hornby (49, and 64 *not out*), Mr. A. G. Steel (47 run out, and 14 *not out*), Mr. W. F. Forbes 45, and Mr. A. Appleby 20. The last named gentlemen secured five of the Southerners' wickets in their first innings, at a cost of 19 runs.

A match between Gloucestershire and Surrey had also to be drawn, when the latter county had put together 155 and 79, all out, as compared to Gloucestershire's 154 at their single attempt. The chief individual scores were two 48's by Mr. F. Townsend (Gloucester) and Mr. W. Read (Surrey), and a 44 by Mr. Shuter, another Surrey representative.

Leicestershire beat Sussex by 100 runs, the victors getting 113 and 126, as compared to their opponents' 60 and 79. In Leicestershire's second innings Mr. C. Marriott scored 75.

Yorkshire, playing against Zingari, ran up 296. The match was not finished when the mail left, the Zingari having at 4 o'clock on Friday got together 120 for seven wickets.

A great bicycling contest was commenced early in the week at the Agricultural Hall. The conditions provided that the time of the competition should be six days, competitors to cover as great a distance as they could within that period. The six days' tournament idea was first applied to bicycling early last year, when D. Stanton rode 1,000 miles within that time at the Islington Hall, and this was followed by a week's struggle between bicyclists and horsemen, in which Leon, the Mexican rider, proved victorious. He was allowed to have a stud of some eighteen horses on that occasion, in spite of which Cann, of Sheffield, made a capital race of it, although he did not succeed in carrying his mileage beyond three figures. The success of this venture gave the cue for the first match between bicyclists only for a six days' championship, and in this Cann carried away the victory, covering no less a distance than 1060 miles, a journey hitherto considered almost unattainable, even aided by so speedy a vehicle as the "iron steed." This fine performance was, however, eclipsed at the next meeting for the Championship, on the first day of which Cann met with an unfortunate accident which obliged him to relinquish the struggle. This event commenced on April 28 last, and after some very fine racing on the part of Waller (of Newcastle), Terront, Lees, and Stanton, the first named ultimately reached the end of his long journey victoriously by 1,142 miles from the French Champion, Terront, the distance traversed by the winner being 1,172 miles, so that he beat Cann's previous "best on record" by no less than 112 miles. The competitors in the present contest are :—G. Waller (long distance champion of the world), C. Terront (champion of France), D. Stanton (late long distance champion), W. Cann (late long-distance champion of the world), H. Pagis (of the Bicycle Union, Paris, hero of the great ride from Paris to Vienna), H. Higham (champion of Nottingham), G. E. Edlin (of Leicester), H. Leeming (of Oldham), T. Andrews (of Birmingham) and H. Thresher (of London). The English and French champions took first and second positions from the start, and at the end of the fourth day had covered respectively, Waller 978 miles and Terront 964 miles. The contest between the two is reported to have been very exciting, and not a little amusing. One account says :—"The little Frenchman fairly flew round the track, rubbing off a mile and a half of Waller's lead ere the latter turned out after an absence of four minutes occupied in changing flannels. On his reappearance the applause was indeed great, especially as both champions were travelling at a tremendous rate. This state of things continued until Terront left his saddle for the first time at 6 hours 4 min. 20 sec., the distance accomplished by him up to this time being 888 miles 10½ laps, he having covered no less a distance than 158 miles 2 laps without dismounting. He was quickly out again, however, only being absent 2 min. 10 sec., and then a most exciting scene occurred, the excitement amongst the on-lookers being intense, for the Frenchman dashed along at a fearful rate, Waller being scarcely able to keep pace with him, and on several occasions the refreshments that were offered to him he was unable to take as he could not afford to let the plucky Frenchman get away from him. Terront observed this, and each time that Waller attempted to take anything from the hands of his attendant, he put on a grand spurt, and exclaimed, '*Je vais l'empecher de manger ; je le prendrai par la famine.*' (I will prevent him from eating, and try to starve him)." At 20 minutes past four on Friday, the fifth day, Pagis, Cann, Terront, Waller, and Higham were spinning along merrily in the order named, the relative positions of the competitors then being :—Waller, 1,108 miles 6 laps ; Terront, 1094 miles 1 lap ; Higham, 964 miles 14 laps ; Cann, 898 miles 4 laps ; Pagis 818 miles 4 laps ; Thresher, 700 miles ; Leeming (resting) 550 miles ; Andrew (resting) 386 miles 5 laps.

There is nothing particular in the English rowing world to chronicle, though the time fixed for two important events was drawing near, as Higgins and Boyd had arranged to row over the Thames championship course, from Putney to Mortlake, for £200 a side on the 29th inst. ; while Cannon and Thomas were to meet on the following day to go the same distance for half the amount. Trickett, the Australian, who since his visit to England and victory over Sadler, lays claim to the title of "Champion sculler of the world," recently won a race easily from his great Colonial rival Laycock, on the Parramatta River. It was reported in England that he had sent a challenge to Hanlan to row against him three or four miles on the Parramatta river for from 2,000 to 5,000 dollars a side, and that the Canadian was willing to accept.

Golfers, of whom we have a good number in Bombay, will be interested to hear that an important match was played during the week at St. Andrew's, the competitors being Jamie Anderson, the champion, and Jamie Morris, against the brothers Mathew and James Allan, of Westward Ho. The match was in return for a foursome in which Allan had resulted in favour of the brothers Allan by two rounds. The home players won the first hole, and kept ahead till the turn, when they stood one up. Homeward, the Allans brought the match repeatedly square, but they were very unfortunate in playing the second last hole, and the St. Andrew's men came in one ahead. Playing the second round the Allans had the best of the play in the outgoing, and won the first three holes, and led by two, and at one point of the game they had the put by three. At the end hole they were two ahead, but in the home-coming they made rather poor work of it, taking fifty-one strokes, and their opponents got matters level, the match resulting in a draw. The play on neither side was up to average, and the scores were rather high, a fresh breeze blowing. On the following day (Sept. 2) a round of links was played to decide the matter. The weather was boisterous, a gale blowing from the west, which told against the driving, and rendered the putting very uncertain. From the opening of the game it looked as if the home players were to carry everything before them, as they were to first three holes, and turned two up won the bound they never allowed their Homeward come abreast of them, and w ir opponents to four and three to play, th on an easy victory by a full iron shot, whi e Champion here holding from the crowd. u drew forth loud applause Morris was o The playing of Anderson and score bei pital considering the wind, their did n g 46 out and 45 in, total 91. The Allans s t play such a good game, scoring 49 out d 47 in, total 96. Several interesting singles were also played. For instance, Jamie Morris tackled the younger brother, Matthew Allan, when a close and well-contested struggle took place. The game was a round. Playing the first hole both drove fine shots, and both were over the burn ; in their third, Jamie had the ball down in four, but Allan was strong, and took five in the second hole. Jamie's second was to side in rough country, but he managed to secure a half. Jamie was again to side in the third hole, but in putting he nearly "stimied" Allan, who consequently failed to hole, and a half was declared. The fourth hole was also halved. Allan played the best game, going to the holecross, and brought matters square. Proceeding to the heather hole Allan ball was caught by the wind, and fell among rough grass ; but he secured the hole with a fine long put of about ten yards. The next hole fell to Jamie in four strokes, the short hole was halved in four, but Jamie got the end hole and turned one ahead. Allan took the first hole in fine style in four strokes to his opponent's five. The high hole was halved. After this it was give-and-take, and at the turn all was square with one to play. The interest thus centred in the play of the last hole, which Jamie secured with a put, and became winner of the match. The play was good, the scores being—Morris, out 44, in 45, total 89 ; Allan, out 46, in 45, total 91. During the afternoon a tussle took place between J. Allan and J. Morris, the game, one round, being in favour of the Westward Ho man by 4 and 2 to play. J. Anderson, the Champion, also encountered Matthew Allan ; the game was likewise a round. In the outgoing, four holes fell to Anderson and one to Allan, while the remaining four were halved, Anderson turning three up. He won the match at the "corner of the dyke" by three and two to play, Both played a steady game. Anderson was unfortunate to be twice "stimied," and once "bunkered." The scores were—Jamie Anderson, out 42, in 45, total 87. Matthew Allan out 45, in 54, total 89. Jas. Morris had a round with Jamie Allan, the latter winning by one hole. Jamie Anderson, the Champion, encountered Matthew Allan, and gave a good account of himself ; he gained by four holes on the round, playing a fine game, scoring 45 going out and 41 coming in, total 86 ; the lowest score taken during the week.

A long account appears in the *Sportsman* of the swimming match between Boyton and Webb, in America, which resulted in an easy victory for Boyton, as his antagonist was seized with cramp, and had to give up the contest before completing one-half of the twenty miles he was expected to cover. By the terms of the agreement Boyton was to give five miles to Webb, having to swim twenty-five miles while Webb swam twenty miles. These odds were given by Boyton, as he was to swim in his life-saving dress, using his paddles, while Webb had to swim in bathing tights. The account states that when Webb had nearly finished his eighth mile, Boyton being then two miles ahead, the hero of the Channel swim was "suddenly seized for the first time in his life seized with violent cramps in his legs. The judges on the yacht Active observed his boat approach him as he neared the buoy. But when it moved away he could not be seen in the water. Powerful glasses on the yacht were used, but without discovering from that point his whereabouts, and a moment later the tender which had followed him and the rowboats were seen to put about and hurry with all speed toward the Active. As they drew near the marine glasses on board showed that another passenger was in the tender, and as they ran alongside the yacht Webb was seen in the stern closely wrapped in blankets supported by his and Boyton's assistants—his face a dull leaden grey, his lips colourless and the whole appearance of the man betokening some serious accident. 'He has been attacked with severe cramps, and we had difficulty in getting him aboard,' shouted the attendants, and, helping him to his feet, he was carried rather than walked on deck, his legs, the calves of which were swollen and knotted from the cramps, almost refusing to bear him, while his whole frame was shivering as though with an ague. He was instantly laid on the sofa of the cabin, his limbs chafed, hot potions administered, and everything done to relieve him of the exhaustion which the already long swim and the attack in the water combined had effected. Encouraging words were spoken on all sides, and he was apparently easier in a few moments, when violent pains seized him again in the stomach, and for a time he was in a serious way. Care and promptly applied remedies soon brought him about physically, but he seemed to be greatly depressed at the necessity for leaving the water, which under the agreement forfeited his right to the purse and stakes. As soon as Webb's trainers had decided positively that he was unfit to renew the contest, the question was mooted as to the necessity of making Boyton finish the stipulated twenty-five miles. The referee being of opinion that the distance agreed upon must be covered in order to perfect a claim to the purse, Boyton continued on his way alone. He took matters quietly for the remainder of the distance, which he completed in twenty hours and twenty-four minutes. He looked comparatively fresh after his arduous task, though his eyes and face were greatly inflamed from the salt water."

Accounts from Derbyshire, Durham, North of England, and Oxfordshire, published in the *Sportsman* of the 2nd, show that partridge shooting commenced by no means auspiciously. The coveys in most cases were very small, owing to the young having been drowned by the heavy rains, and the birds were "neither so strong on the wing nor so plump in nature" as they should be.

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1st. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance sheet made up to the 30th day of June 1879.
2nd. To declare a Dividend.
3rd. To confirm the appointment of Mr. Vasunjee Mulji as a Director in room of Mr. Ramjee Luckmidas resigned, and to elect a Director in place of Mr. Vandrawandas Ramjee who retires by rotation but is eligible for re-election.
4th. To appoint Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

On the termination of the proceedings of the foregoing General Meeting, an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Members will be held at the same place for the purpose of proposing, and, if approved, of passing the following Special Resolutions :—

1.—That the holders of quarter shares shall be entitled to exchange every Four quarter shares of Rs. 250 each for ONE WHOLE share of Rupees 1,000 each in the Company and to become entitled to vote in respect thereof in the same manner as the holders of whole shares and shall be entitled to receive gratis a certificate or certificates of such shares under the common Seal of the Company.

2nd.—That in lieu of clause 31 of the Articles of Association, the following shall be substituted.

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